Home Instruction Manual 2023 - 2024

Procedures and Guidelines



DUTCHESS B @ CES

EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES

Dutchess County Board of Cooperative Educational Services
Home Instruction Program

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INTRODUCTION

The issuance of the Commissioner of Education's regulations, C.R. 100.10, establishing the requirements for home instruction has led to the need for a set of procedures to help component school district superintendents meet the mandates of assessing home instruction and assisting parents.

Dutchess BOCES is prepared to complete the necessary reviews and to make a final report to the local school district superintendent, *Home Instruction CoSer - 560.000*. However, while assistance will be provided by Dutchess BOCES, under the regulations, the local school district superintendent will still maintain the final responsibility and authority on all compliance issues.

The manual is designed to be of assistance to school district personnel and to parents. It outlines the requirements of home instruction and identifies areas of responsibility. Suggested forms are included to provide necessary information in a clear and organized manner.

All information/regulations can be viewed online at: http://www.nysed.gov/nonpublic-schools/home-instruction

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OUTLINE OF PROCEDURES AND TIME REQUIREMENTS

Letter of Intent and Individual Home Instruction Plan (IHIP)

WHO	WHAT	WHEN	REFERENCE	PAGE #
Parent	Provide written notice to the superintendent of schools of their intention to home instruct their children.	By July 1 st of the school year. If after the start of the school year within 14 days of commencement of home instruction.	C.R. 100.10 (b) (1) (2)	3
Dutchess BOCES	Send Home Instruction Manual. Include sample form for parent to submit IHIP.	Within 10 business days of the receipt of the Letter of Intent.	C.R. 100.10 (c) (1)	3
Parent	Submit completed IHIP to Dutchess BOCES.	Within 4 weeks of the receipt of the manual, or by August 15th, whichever is later.	C.R. 100.10 (c) (2)	3
Dutchess BOCES	Notify parent that the IHIP complies with requirements (subdivisions (d) and (e)) or give parents written notice of deficiencies.	By August 31st, or within 15 days, whichever is later.	C.R. 100.10 (c)	3
Parent	If necessary, submit a revised IHIP to Dutchess BOCES.	Within 15 days of receipt of deficiencies.	C.R. 100.10 (c) (4)	3
School District / Dutchess BOCES	Review revised IHIP, notify parent of compliance. If non-compliant parents have the right to contest the determination (in writing).	Within 15 days of receipt of revised IHIP, or by September 30th, whichever is later. If non-compliant district shall notify parent of next Board of Education meeting where parent can contest the determination.	C.R. 100.10 (c) (5)	4
Board of Education		Parent shall provide proof of compliance to the Board of Education. Make final determination of compliance or non-compliance.		
Parent		If necessary, appeal a final determination to the Commissioner of Education.	(6)	
		Provide instruction of their children in a public school or elsewhere.	(7)	
		Furnish this information, in writing, to School District.	(8)	

Quarterly Report

WHO	WHAT	WHEN	REGULATION	PAGE #
Parent	Submit to Dutchess BOCES quarterly reports for each child.	On or before dates specified in IHIP.	C.R. 100.10 (g)	6
Dutchess BOCES	Review quarterly report, notify parent of compliance or non-compliance. Notify parent of revisions required.	Within 30 days of receipt of quarterly report.	(1) (2) (3) (4)	
Parent	Submit revised quarterly report.	Within 15 days of receipt of revisions.		

Annual Assessment

WHO	WHAT	WHEN	REGULATION	PAGE #
Parent	Annual Assessment	Within 30 days of filing the fourth quarterly report, or by July 31st, whichever is later.	C.R. 100.10 (h) (1) (2) (3)	6, 7
Dutchess BOCES	Confirm Annual Assessment complies with requirements of subdivision (h).	Within 30 days of receipt of annual assessmer or by July 31st, whichever is later.	nt,	

Probation

WHO	WHAT	WHEN	REGULATION	PAGE #
School District	If the child's annual assessment fails to be adequate, the home school program will be placed on probation for a maximum of 2 years. Adequate	Following the submission of the annual assessment by the parent	C.R. 100.10 (h) (3)	7, 8
	determined: if the score is above 33% percentile on national norms, or if score reflects 1 year's growth.			

C.R. 100.10 Home Instruction Regulations

a. Purpose of section. The purpose of this section is to establish procedures to assist school authorities in fulfilling their responsibility under Education Law, sections 3204(2) and 3210(2)(d), and in meeting their responsibility of determining the competency of the instructor and substantial equivalence of instruction being provided at home to students of compulsory school attendance age, and to assist parents who exercise their right to provide required instruction at home to such students in fulfilling their responsibilities under Education Law, section 3212(2).

b. Notice of intention to instruct at home.

- 1. Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subdivision, parents or other persons in parental relation to a student of compulsory school attendance age shall annually provide written notice to the superintendent of schools of their school district of residence of their intention to educate their child at home by July 1st of each school year. The school year begins July 1st and ends June 30th for all purposes within this section. In the case of the City School District of the City of New York, the school district of residence for students who, if enrolled in the public schools, would attend elementary school, intermediate school or junior high school in a community school district, shall be deemed to be the community school district in which the parents reside.
- Parents who determine to commence home instruction after the start of the school year, or who establish
 residence in the school district after the start of the school year, shall provide written notice of their intention to
 educate their child at home within 14 days following the commencement of home instruction within the school
 district.

c. Procedures for development and review of an individualized home instruction plan (IHIP).

- Within 10 business days of the receipt of the notice of intention to instruct at home, the school district shall send
 the parents a copy of this section 100.10 of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education and a form on which
 to submit an individualized home instruction plan (IHIP) for each child of compulsory attendance age who is to be
 taught at home.
- Within four weeks of the receipt of such materials, or by August 15th the parent shall submit the completed IHIP form to the school district. The district shall provide assistance in preparation of the forms, if requested by the parents.
- 3. Within 10 business days of receipt of the IHIP, or by August 31st, whichever is later, the school district shall either notify the parents that the IHIP complies with the requirements of subdivisions (d) and (e) of this section or shall give the parents written notice of any deficiency in the IHIP.
- Within 15 days of receipt of a notice of a deficiency in the IHIP, or by September 15th, whichever is later, the
 parents shall submit a revised IHIP which corrects any such deficiencies.

- 5. The superintendent of schools shall review the revised IHIP and shall notify the parents as to whether the revised IHIP complies with subdivisions (d) and (e) of this section within 15 days of receipt of the revised IHIP or by September 30th, whichever is later. If the revised IHIP is determined not to be in compliance with subdivisions (d) and (e) of this section, then the parents shall be notified in writing of the reasons for such determination. Such notice shall also contain the date of the next regularly scheduled meeting of the board of education that will be held at least 10 days after the date of mailing of the notice, and shall indicate that if the parents wish to contest the determination of noncompliance, the parents must so notify the board of education at least three business days prior to such meeting. At such board meeting, the parents shall have the right to present proof of compliance, and the board of education shall make a final determination of compliance or noncompliance.
- The parents shall have the right to appeal any such final school district determination of non-compliance to the Commissioner of Education within 30 days after receipt of such determination.
- 7. When administrative review of a school district determination of noncompliance is completed, the parents shall immediately provide for the instruction of their children at a public school or elsewhere in compliance with Education Law, sections 3204 and 3210. For purposes of this subdivision, such administrative review shall be deemed to be completed when one of the following events has occurred:
 - the parents have failed to contest a determination of non-compliance by appealing to the board of education;
 - ii. the parents have failed to appeal a final school district determination of non-compliance to the Commissioner of Education; or
 - iii. the parents have received a decision of the Commissioner of Education which upholds a final school district determination of non-compliance.
- 8. Within 10 days after administrative review of the determination of non-compliance is completed, the parents shall furnish the superintendent of schools with written notice of the arrangements they have made to provide their children with the required instruction, except that such notice shall not be required if the parents enroll their children in a public school.

d. Content of individualized home instruction plan (IHIP). Each child's IHIP shall contain:

- 1. the child's name, age and grade level;
- 2. a list of the syllabi, curriculum materials, textbooks or plan of instruction to be used in each of the required subjects listed in subdivision (e) of this section;
- 3. the dates for submission to the school district of the parents' quarterly reports as required in subdivision (g) of this section. These reports shall be spaced in even and logical periods;
- 4. the names of the individuals providing instruction; and
- 5. a statement that the child will be meeting the compulsory educational requirements of Education Law, section 3205 through full-time study at a degree-granting institution, meaning enrollment for at least 12 semester hours in a semester or its equivalent, if that is the case. In this situation, the IHIP shall identify the degree-granting institution and the subjects to be covered by that study.

e. Required courses.

- 1. For purposes of this subdivision, a unit means 6,480 minutes of instruction per school year.
- 2. Instruction in the following subjects shall be required:
 - i. For grades one through six: arithmetic, reading, spelling, writing, the English language, geography, United States history, science, health education, music, visual arts, physical education, bilingual education and/or English as a second language where the need is indicated.
 - ii. For grades seven and eight: English (two units); history and geography (two units); science (two units); mathematics (two units); physical education (on a regular basis); health education (on a regular basis); art (one-half unit); music (one-half unit); practical arts (on a regular basis); and library skills (on a regular basis). The units required herein are cumulative requirements for both grades seven and eight.
 - iii. The following courses shall be taught at least once during the first eight grades: United States history, New York State history, and the Constitutions of the United States and New York State.
 - iv. For grades 9 through 12: English (four units); social studies (four units), which includes one unit of American history, one-half unit in participation in government, and one- half unit of economics; mathematics (two units); science (two units); art and/or music (one unit); health education (one-half unit); physical education (two units); and three units of electives. The units required herein are cumulative requirements for grades 9 through 12.
 - v. Education Law, sections 801, 804, 806 and 808, also require the following subjects to be covered during grades kindergarten through 12:
 - a. patriotism and citizenship;
 - b. health education regarding alcohol, drug and tobacco misuse;
 - c. highway safety and traffic regulations, including bicycle safety; and
 - d. fire and arson prevention and safety.
- 3. A student shall be exempted from the unit of study requirement of paragraph (1) of this subdivision if such student is unable to meet such unit of study requirement due to the State of emergency declared by the governor pursuant to an Executive Order for the COVID-19 crisis where such student otherwise achieves the learning outcomes for the portion of such unit of study completed.

f. Attendance requirements. Each child shall attend upon instruction as follows:

- 1. The substantial equivalent of 180 days of instruction shall be provided each school year.
- 2. The cumulative hours of instruction for grades 1 through 6 shall be 900 hours per year. The cumulative hours of instruction for grades 7 through 12 shall be 990 hours per year.
- 3. Absences shall be permitted on the same basis as provided in the policy of the school district for its own students.
- 4. Records of attendance shall be maintained by the parent and shall be made available to the school district upon request.
- 5. Instruction provided at a site other than the primary residence of the parents shall be provided in a building which has not been determined to be in violation of the local building code.

- 6. A student shall be exempted from the instructional day and/or hour requirement(s) set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subdivision where a home instruction program is unable to provide such instructional days and/or hours due to the State of emergency declared by the governor pursuant to an Executive Order for the COVID-19 crisis provided that such home instruction provided continuity of learning for such student.
- g. **Quarterly reports**. On or before the dates specified by the parent in the IHIP, a quarterly report for each child shall be furnished by the parent to the school district. The quarterly report shall contain the following:
 - 1. the number of hours of instruction during said quarter;
 - 2. a description of the material covered in each subject listed in the IHIP;
 - 3. either a grade for the child in each subject or a written narrative evaluating the child's progress; and
 - 4. a written explanation in the event that less than 80 percent of the amount of the course materials as set forth in the IHIP planned for that quarter has been covered in any subject.
- h. **Annual assessment**. At the time of filing the fourth quarterly report as specified in the IHIP, the parent shall also file an annual assessment in accordance with this subdivision. The annual assessment shall include the results of a commercially published norm referenced achievement test which meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subdivision, or an alternative form of evaluation which meets the requirements of paragraph (2) of this subdivision.
 - 1. Commercially published norm-referenced achievement tests.
 - i. The test shall be selected by the parent from one of the following: the lowa Test of Basic Skills, the California Achievement Test, the Stanford Achievement Test, the Comprehensive Test of Basic Skills, the Metropolitan Achievement Test, a State Education Department test, or another test approved by the State Education Department.
 - ii. The test shall be administered in accordance with one of the following options, to be selected by the parents:
 - a. at the public school, by its professional staff;
 - at a registered nonpublic school, by its professional staff, provided that the consent of the chief school officer of the nonpublic school is obtained;
 - at a nonregistered nonpublic school, by its professional staff, provided that the consent of the superintendent of schools of the school district and of the chief school officer of the nonpublic school is obtained; or
 - d. at the parents' home or at any other reasonable location, by a New York State- certified teacher or by another qualified person, provided that the superintendent has consented to having said certified teacher or other person administer the test.
 - iii. The test shall be scored by the persons administering the test or by other persons who are mutually agreeable to the parents and the superintendent of schools.
 - iv. The test shall be provided by the school district upon request by the parent, provided that the cost of any testing facilities, transportation, and/or personnel for testing conducted at a location other than the public school shall be borne by the parent.

- v. If a score on a test is determined to be inadequate, the program shall be placed on probation pursuant to subdivision (i) of this section. A student's score shall be deemed adequate if:
 - a. the student has a composite score above the 33rd percentile on national norms; or
 - b. the student's score reflects one academic year of growth as compared to a test administered during or subsequent to the prior school year.
- Alternative evaluation methods. An alternative form of evaluation shall be permitted to be chosen by the parent only as follows:
 - i. for grades one through three, a written narrative prepared by a person specified in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph;
 - ii. for grades four through eight, a written narrative prepared by a person specified in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph. This alternative form of evaluation may be used no more often than every other school year for these grades;
 - iii. for the purposes of this paragraph, the person who prepares the written narrative shall be a New York State-certified teacher, a home instruction peer group review panel, or other person, who has interviewed the child and reviewed a portfolio of the child's work. Such person shall certify either that the child has made adequate academic progress or that the child has failed to make adequate progress. In the event that such child has failed to make adequate progress, the home instruction program shall be placed on probation pursuant to subdivision (i) of this section. The certified teacher, peer review panel or other person shall be chosen by the parent with the consent of the superintendent. Any resulting cost shall be borne by the parent.
- 3. If a dispute arises between the parents and the superintendent of schools, including disputes over the administration of the commercially published norm-referenced achievement test or the use of alternative evaluation methods, the parents may appeal to the board of education. If the parents disagree with the determination of the board of education, the parents may appeal to the Commissioner of Education within 30 days of receipt of the board's final determination.

i. Probation.

- 1. If a child's annual assessment fails to comply with the requirements of subdivision (h) of this section, the home instruction program shall be placed on probation for a period of up to two school years. The parent shall be required to submit a plan of remediation which addresses the deficiencies in the child's achievement, and seeks to remedy said deficiencies. The plan shall be reviewed by the school district. The school district may require the parents to make changes in the plan prior to acceptance.
- 2. If after the end of any semester of the probationary period, the child progresses to the level specified in the remediation plan, then the home instruction program shall be removed from probation. If the child does not attain at least 75 percent of the objectives specified in the remediation plan at the end of any given semester within the period of probation, or if after two years on probation 100 percent of the objectives of the remediation plan have not been satisfied, the superintendent of the District shall provide the parents with the notice specified in paragraph

- (c)(5) of this section and the board of education shall review the determination of noncompliance in accordance with such paragraph, except that consent of the parents to such review shall not be required.
- 3. If, during the period of probation, the superintendent of the District has reasonable grounds to believe that the program of home instruction is in substantial noncompliance with these regulations, the superintendent may require one or more home visits. Such home visit(s) shall be made only after three days'written notice. The purpose of such visit(s) shall be to ascertain areas of noncompliance with these regulations and to determine methods of remediating any such deficiencies. The home visit(s) shall be conducted by the superintendent or by the superintendent's designee. The superintendent may include members of a home instruction peer review panel in the home visit team.

University of the State of New York - New York State Education Department

Home Instruction Questions and Answers

General

1. Who is eligible to receive homebound instruction?

Homebound instruction is a form of tutorial services, provided to public or nonpublic students, by the public school district of residence. These services are provided in accordance with Commissioner's Regulations 175.21 to students who are unable to attend their public or nonpublic school because of physical, mental, or emotional illness or injury. Parents requesting these services must comply with local board of education requirements to provide medical verification of the student's inability to attend school for a time that exceeds the number of days required by the district.

Homebound/tutorial service also used by public schools to comply with conpulsory education requirements (Education Law 3205) for students unable to attend school because they have been suspended.

If the parents and public school are in disagreement concerning the validity of the health reason provided for the student not to attend school, the parents may consent to have their private health care or mental health provider discuss their recommendations with the school districts director of school health services (commonly referred to as the medical director). Parents also have the right to ask that their child be evaluated by the public school for special education, or the public or nonpublic school for Section 504 needs pursuant to federal laws. Parents may appeal school practices to their school district's board of education or nonpublic school's governing body and then the Commissioner of Education that they believe the decisions to be unlawful. Educational laws and the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education may be reviewed at http://www.p12.nysed.gov/sss/lawsregs/. Directions for making an appeal to the Commissioner of Education are available at http://www.counsel.nysed.gov/appeals/.

2. May a district require parents to enroll their child in the public school if they plan to provide home instruction?

No. Parents are not required to enroll their child in the public school if they plan to provide home instruction. However, the parent, if requested, must demonstrate that the child resides within the school district and is of compulsory age.

3. Are parents required to meet with school officials?

No. School officials may request a meeting with parents to discuss the process of home schooling, but they may not deny parents the right to home instruct if the parents decline such a meeting.

4. Must a district respond to a letter of intent?

Yes. The district is obligated to reply within 10 business days of receiving the notice of intent by sending to the parents a copy of <u>C.R. 100.10</u> and a form on which to submit an <u>IHIP</u>.

5. May parents engage a tutor to provide home instruction?

Yes. Parents may engage the services of a tutor to provide instruction for all or a portion of the home instruction program.

6. May groups of parents provide home instruction collectively by engaging the services of a tutor to provide group instruction to their children?

Parents providing home instruction to their children may arrange to have their children instructed in a group situation for particular subjects but not for a majority of the home instruction program. Where groups of parents organize to provide group instruction by a tutor for a majority of the instructional program, they are operating a nonpublic school and are no longer providing home instruction. Substantial equivalency of a nonpublic school program is not determined pursuant to Section 100.10 of the Regulations of the Commissioner.

7. Must parents file a health inspection report or fire inspection report?

No. This is not required in the case of home instruction.

8. Must home instruction take place on days and during the times of day when school is in session?

Instruction at home is usually given within the general time frame of the normal school day, but greater flexibility in scheduling is possible. For example, parents may choose to provide instruction on weekends or in the evening. The total amount of instructional time per week should be generally comparable to that of the public school.

9. May a district require parents or tutors to produce credentials for home instruction?

No. State law does not require any specific credentials for the person(s) providing home instruction.

10. What is a Home Instruction Worksheet?

A Home Instruction Worksheet assists districts in maintaining and keeping records on home instruction. Although the worksheet is an internal district document completed by school officials, it may be filled out in consultation with the parents, if appropriate. Some of the information on the Worksheet will be derived from the quarterly reports and the annual evaluation.

11. Must the Home Instruction Worksheet be filled out by parents?

No. The Worksheet is for internal district use.

12. May students instructed at home by their parents take part in non-credit-bearing organized school activities such as clubs, sports, and intramurals?

Commissioner's Regulation (CR) 135.4(c)(7) directs that a participant in interscholastic sports must be enrolled in the public school; CR 135.1 directs that a participant in intramurals must be enrolled in the public school; however, children educated other than at the public school may, at the discretion of the board of education, participate in school-sponsored club activities. It is recommended that each board of education establish a policy to such effect.

13. May a student instructed at home participate in the school band and/or receive music lessons?

If the district considers these activities to be extra-curricular, such a student may participate in the band and/or receive music lessons. It is recommended that the board of education establish a policy regarding participation in these activities.

14. May students instructed at home be allowed to use school facilities such as the library, career information center and gymnasium?

Yes. Students may be allowed to use such school facilities provided that there is mutual agreement on the part of all involved parties.

15. Must students instructed at home meet immunization requirements for in-school students?

The provisions of Public Health Law Section 2164 which require parents to submit proof of immunization prior to admission of their children to a school do not apply to students being educated at home. If the Commissioner of Health notifies school officials of the outbreak of a disease for which immunization is required, however, parents of children on home instruction who seek to participate in testing or other activities on the premises of a public or nonpublic school must produce proof of immunization or the children must be denied access to the school building.

16. May parents or students on home instruction borrow instructional items from the public school such as library books, microscopes and movie projectors?

Yes. Although a public school is not obligated by law to lend such items, it may allow parents or students to borrow available materials.

17. Is a student instructed at home entitled to benefit from the loan programs (textbooks, library materials and computer software) available to students enrolled in nonpublic schools?

A student instructed at home is not enrolled in a nonpublic school and, therefore, the district is not obligated to loan those items which a district is required to provide, by statute, to children attending nonpublic schools. Although not required, a school district may offer such loans to the extent available.

18. Is the school district required to furnish health services to students on home instruction?

No. The district is not required to furnish health services.

19. Is the district responsible for providing remedial programs for students instructed at home?

No. The district is not responsible for providing remedial programs for these students.

20. May a student instructed at home participate in the instructional program of the school district?

The legislature has not authorized part-time attendance and, therefore, a student instructed at home may not participate in the instructional program of the school district.

21. May a district provide dual enrollment services under Section 3602-c to students instructed at home?

No.

22. Does a school district obtain State aid for students instructed at home by their parents?

School districts cannot claim State aid for students instructed at home.

23. How should school officials deal with the grade placement of a student who has been instructed at home and subsequently enters the public school?

As with any other transfer, the principal of the school determines the appropriate grade placement of the student.

24. Does a home-instructed student earn high school credits for completing the course work specified in the IHIP?

Credit is given only by schools. It is recommended that when a home-instructed student transfers from a high school program into a school that the principal of the school award credit on the basis of assessment or evidence that the student has successfully completed the course work.

25. May a student instructed at home be awarded a local or Regents diploma?

No. A high school diploma may only be awarded to a student enrolled in a registered secondary school who has completed all program requirements set by the Regents, the school or the district.

26. Is a K-8 school district responsible for a high school student on home instruction?

Yes. The district of residence retains responsibility for the student's education but is encouraged to consult with the receiving high school on the adequacy of the IHIP, quarterly reports and the annual assessment.

27. Is a student instructed at home eligible to participate in summer school programs operated by the public school district?

Yes. Summer school programs are open to all residents of the district.

28. May a superintendent apply for a variance under Commissioner's Regulation 100.2(n) to enable a parent to implement a program designed to provide excellence in education?

Yes. A superintendent may apply for a variance for a home instruction program.

29. Under what circumstances is a home instruction program placed on probation?

As described below, the circumstances depend upon the option selected by the parents for complying with the annual assessment requirement of subdivision (h) of Section 100.10 of the Regulations of the Commissioner.

- a. If parents submit test scores for an achievement test, the program will be placed on probation only if the composite score of the student is below the thirty-third percentile on national norms or the score fails to reflect one academic year of growth when compared to a prior test. The student's score on individual test subscores should not be considered in determining whether the program should be placed on probation.
- b. If parents submit a written narrative, the program will be placed on probation only if the evaluator certifies that the student has not made adequate academic progress.

30. Under what circumstances may a school district require home visits?

A school district may require home visits, upon three days written notice to the parents, only when the home instruction program is on probation. Under any other circumstances, a school official may request a home visit but a parent would not be required to consent to the request.

31. If parents provide instruction at home to more than one child and the program for one child is placed on probation, must the programs for other children in the family be placed on probation?

No. Each child's achievement is evaluated separately. A situation may arise where one child's program is on probation, and yet one or more other children in the same family are making adequate progress so that their programs would not be placed on probation.

32. How should a district maintain records on students instructed at home?

It is recommended that the district complete a Worksheet for each student to place in the student's file along with the current IHIP, quarterly reports and annual evaluation information. A notation on the student's permanent record card should indicate the period during which the student is on home instruction.

33. How long should a district retain records on a home-instructed student?

There is no legal obligation specified in this matter. To the extent that records are kept, it is recommended that an annual Worksheet for each student be kept until six years after the student would have graduated from high school.

34. Should parents maintain records on students instructed at home?

Parents are required to keep attendance records for each student, but there is no legal obligation for them to maintain any other records. It is recommended that parents keep evidence of their programs and their children's achievement and correspondence with the school district.

35. If a student instructed at home is unable to read adequately or find employment following completion of educational requirements as defined within the compulsory education laws, can the school district be held liable?

No. As a matter of public policy, the highest court in New York State has declined to recognize a cause of action for educational malpractice. Where the board of education and superintendent of schools make good faith efforts to implement the requirements of Section 100.10 of the Regulations, there should not be a basis for liability under current law.

Individualized Home Instruction Plan (IHIP)

36. Are parents required to submit more than a list of textbooks in the IHIP to comply with the requirements of subdivision of Section 100.10?

The IHIP must include for each of the required courses either a list of syllabi, curriculum materials and textbooks to be used or a plan of instruction to be followed. A different alternative may be used for different subjects. While a list of textbooks may be submitted, it is reasonable for the district to require more than the name, publisher, copyright date and author's name if the district is not familiar with the textbook's content. If the district requests additional information beyond the list of textbooks, the parents may, at their option, submit either a written scope and sequence describing the text or a copy of the text for the district's review (which copy shall be promptly returned to the parents). The purpose of such review is not to compare the text with those employed by the district, but rather: 1) to insure that the parent is providing the mandated subjects for the grade level in question, and 2) to provide the district with more complete information to assist its review of quarterly reports and annual assessments.

37. When the IHIP is submitted by the parents, does the school district have the responsibility to make a subjective judgment of the substantial equivalency of the home instruction program?

No. The purpose of these regulations is to provide a basis for objective determinations of substantial equivalence. IHIP submissions are to be evaluated to determine compliance with subdivisions (d) and (e) of Section 100.10. Quarterly reports are to be evaluated to determine compliance with subdivision (g). Annual assessments must comply with the requirements of subdivision (h). A home instruction program that adheres to the standards of the regulations at each stage of the process should be deemed to be substantially equivalent.

38. Must the parents indicate on the IHIP what will be taught and the total time of instruction?

The IHIP must include a list of the syllabi, curriculum materials, or plan of instruction to be used in each of the subjects required for that grade level. The total number of hours of instruction per quarter must be documented on the quarterly report. It is recommended that, in the secondary grades, hours per subject be included in each quarterly report.

39. When must a student begin to receive instruction?

Education Law 3205 clarifies the age at which a student is subject to compulsory education. The law now requires children who turn six on or before December 1 to receive instruction from the start of the school year in September of that year. Children who turn six after December 1 must begin to receive instruction no later than the first day of school the following September.

40. Must the IHIP for a six-year-old indicate that the instruction is on the first grade level?

No. As with any age, instruction should be geared to the level appropriate to the student's needs and previous level of achievement.

41. Are students instructed at home required to take a second language?

No. They are not required to take a second language, but they may choose to study a second language.

42. Is physical education required?

Yes. Every student must have a physical education program. Activities may differ but outcomes should be similar to those established for students in the public school.

43. Must the topics proposed for study in each subject correspond to the material covered in the public school curriculum?

While the subjects required by Law and Regulation must be taught, the course content may differ.

44. If a student reaches the maximum age for compulsory attendance during the school year, must the IHIP for that student cover the full year?

Yes. Students who turn 16 (or 17 in New York City) between July 1 and June 30 are of compulsory attendance age during the entire school year.

45. Is a district required to review a IHIP for a student beyond compulsory attendance age?

No.

- 46. Can a district require parents to provide more information on the IHIP than the Regulations of the Commissioner require?

 No. A district may require only that information set forth in subdivision (d) of Section 100.10 of the Regulations of the Commissioner.
- 47. May a superintendent find a program of home instruction deficient, if he/she concludes that the student needs socialization or interaction with other children?

No. This is not a basis for finding a program of home instruction deficient.

48. Must home instruction for a student of limited English proficiency include instruction in the English language?

Yes. Home instruction for such a student must include instruction in the English language.

49. Are parents instructing their children at home required to teach courses which involve education about substance abuse, AIDS, human sexuality and family planning?

Parents are required to provide health education at all grade levels. Section 804 of the Education Law requires that such health education include instruction to discourage the misuse and abuse of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs. Section 135.3(b) of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education requires that the elementary and secondary health education curriculum include age appropriate instruction concerning the nature, methods of transmission and methods of prevention of the acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS). Parents must address the topic of AIDS as a part of the required health instruction at least once in grades K-6, once in grades 7-8 and once in grades 9-12. Parents may include instruction on human sexuality and family planning as part of their children's health education, but are not required to do so.

50. If a parent wanted to duplicate a home school program that is similar to the diploma requirements of public school students where would they look to find the requirements?

http://www.p12.nysed.gov/part100/pages/1005.html

51. Must a district notify parents that the IHIP is in compliance with C.R. 100.10?

Yes. The district is obligated to notify parents that the IHIP is in compliance. It is strongly recommended that such notification be in writing.

52. Must a board of education approve the IHIP?

No. The superintendent of schools is responsible for reviewing the IHIP and notifying the parents of its status.

53. When is the board of education involved in the process?

If the superintendent of schools determines that a revised IHIP is not in compliance and the parents contest that determination, the parents may meet with the board to present evidence of compliance. The board then makes its determination of compliance or noncompliance.

54. If the board finds that an IHIP is not in compliance, do the parents have the right to appeal?

Yes. The parents may appeal a determination of noncompliance by the board to the Commissioner of Education within 30 days of receiving notice of the determination.

55. Must the parents of a student instructed at home file an IHIP with the district if the student is enrolled in a correspondence school?

Yes. The obligation to file an IHIP does not depend on the source of material used but rather on the location of the student's instruction. The board of education is responsible for ensuring that any student of compulsory age living within the district is receiving an adequate program of instruction. The parents and the district must comply with <u>C.R. 100.10</u> even if the supplier of the curriculum materials considers the student to be enrolled in its school or program.

56. Does the State Education Department approve programs of home instruction provided by correspondence schools? No.

The State Education Department does not perform this function. Correspondence school materials for home instruction must be reviewed by the superintendent of schools.

Evaluation

57. When should parents inform the school district of their choice of a standardized test or alternative evaluation method?

No date is specified in the regulation but it is recommended that parents provide this information by the end of the third quarterly reporting period.

58. When is it necessary for parents to obtain the consent of the school district if they are using a norm-referenced achievement test for the annual assessment?

a. If the parents are having the student tested at a registered nonpublic school, the consent of the public school district is not required.

- b. If the parents are having the student tested at the public school, the testing should be done at the time of the school's own testing program, unless a mutually agreeable alternative is reached. The district should give the parents several weeks' notice of the dates for this testing.
- c. If the parents are having the student tested at another location, the school district is required to review, and (if in agreement) consent to the parents' selection of the test administrator.

59. Are students instructed at home required to take any State tests such as the PEP tests or RCTs?

No. These tests may be used to meet annual assessment requirements, but home-instructed students are not required to take them.

60. Which State tests suffice for an annual assessment?

Any State tests designed to evaluate individual student achievement are acceptable. State tests designed to evaluate a school's program (Program Evaluation Tests) are not appropriate for this purpose.

61. If parents instructing their children at home choose to use PEP tests or RCTs as a part of their annual evaluation, should the school district include their scores with the scores of the public school students?

No.

62. Can parents of a fourth-grader opt for an alternative form of evaluation?

Yes. Alternative forms of evaluation may be used every other year for pupils in grades 4 though 8. Thus, grade 4 could be the first year in this pattern.

63. Must the district administer tests during the school year to home-instructed students?

No. The district is not obligated to administer any tests unless the student is referred to the Committee on Special Education for evaluation.

64. May a student instructed at home take Regents examinations?

Yes.* If a request is made, school officials are encouraged to admit a student receiving home instruction to Regents examinations. If a Regents examination has a lab requirement, the student may be admitted to the examination if there is evidence that the student has met the lab requirement. The IHIP, quarterly reports and/or verification from the student's teacher can provide such evidence.

Regents examinations may only be administered at the public school or registered nonpublic school because they are secure examinations. The test results can be helpful to the student and also to public school officials.

65. If parents want to use one of the standardized tests listed in the home instruction regulation but not used by the school district, who orders and who pays for it?

If the parent chooses to use a test that has not been ordered for use in the public schools of the district, the school district, upon request of the parent, would order the test. The parent would, however, pay for the cost of procuring it.

^{*}Note that only those students who have been vaccinated consistent with Public Health Law §2164 or have a valid medical exemption will be allowed to take such examinations at the school.

66. May a parent administer a standardized test or prepare the written narrative of assessment?

Yes. With the consent of the superintendent, a parent may perform these actions.

67. What is a home instruction peer review panel and what is its function under the regulations?

A home instruction peer review panel is an advisory group of home instructing parents who prepare a written narrative of a student's achievement. Members of such a panel may be chosen by the parent with the consent of the superintendent.

68. What action should be taken by the district if parents do not submit any evaluation?

If phone calls or letters do not elicit the information, the district should notify parents by registered mail that the evaluation is due and set a reasonable date for its submission. If the information is not forthcoming, the district is without evidence that instruction has been taking place. In that case, the district would be obligated to report the case to the central registry as a case of suspected educational neglect.

Commencement of Home Instruction during the School Year

69. May a district refuse to consider a parent's request for home instruction if it occurs during the school year?

No. The district must respond to a letter of intent and to the submission of an IHIP at any time during the school year.

70. If home instruction begins during the normal school year, which timelines apply?

The regulation specifies that parents who decide to begin home instruction or parents who move into the district after the start of the school year must file a letter of intent within 14 days of beginning home instruction within the district.

From that point on, the usual timelines apply:

- Within 10 business days of receiving the letter, the district must furnish the parent with a copy of <u>C.R. 100.10</u> and an IHIP form for each child.
- · Within 4 weeks of receiving it, the parent must submit the completed IHIP to the district.
- Within 10 business days of receiving the IHIP, the district must notify the parent whether it complies with the requirements of the regulation or give written notice of any deficiency.
- Within 15 days of receiving a notice of deficiency, the parent must submit a revised IHIP which corrects the deficiencies.
- Within 15 days of receiving the revised IHIP, the district must notify the parent as to whether it complies with the regulation.

71. Home instruction begins during the school year, when should parents schedule quarterly reports to the district?

The number of reports should be proportional to the period of home instruction. For example, if instruction begins at about the end the first reporting period in the public school, the parent would schedule three reports during the remainder of the year.

College Entrance

72. If home-instructed students cannot be awarded local or Regents high school diplomas, how can they gain entrance to colleges?

First, please note that seeking admission to college is entirely a choice that students make, and successfully gaining admission to college is entirely the responsibility of home-instructed students and their parents. It is not the responsibility

of the State Education Department or the local public school district to secure college admission for home-instructed students.

Second, colleges set their own admissions requirements. These requirements vary from college to college. The burden, therefore, is on home-instructed students (and their parents) to seek and acquire information on the admissions requirements of the colleges of their choice. The burden is also on home-instructed students (and their parents) to convince colleges to accept them. Because of this, home-instructed students (and their parents) may wish to seek information regarding the admissions requirements of the colleges of their choice well in advance of the actual application for admission.

Third, Listed below are some suggested strategies for home-instructed students (and their parents) to consider using to help them gain entrance to colleges. Consideration can be given to using a combination of these strategies. Please note that there is no guarantee that following any or all of the strategies listed below will ensure a home-instructed student's admission to any college. Again, if home-instructing students choose to pursue admission to college, they (and their parents) are fully responsible for this.

Suggested Strategies

- 1. A portfolio of the student's work, demonstrating its breadth and depth, might be developed over time. This portfolio can be shared with college admissions personnel to demonstrate the student's capabilities.
- 2. If a home-instructed student has taken Regents Exams at the public school of residence, he/she can request the public school district to produce, on school letterhead, a list of the exams taken, the date on which they were taken, and the score the student earned. This list of Regents exam scores can be shared with college admissions personnel.
- 3. Home-instructed students can take the Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT) and/or other standardized tests used for college admissions purposes. Scores on these tests can be shared with college admissions personnel. Home-instructed students should contact their public school district about arrangements for taking the Scholastic Aptitude Test and/or achievement examinations offered by the College Board or the American College Testing Service.
- 4. If the student is beyond the age of compulsory education, and has completed a program of home instruction in compliance with <u>Section 100.10 of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education</u>, he/she can request that the superintendent of schools of the public school district of residence attest to this, in writing, on district letterhead. This can be shared with college admissions personnel. Please note, however, that the superintendent of schools may, but is under no obligation to, attest to this.
- 5. Home-instructed students can take the GED exam, when they have reached eligibility to do so. Students passing the GED exam can share their General Equivalency Diplomas with college admissions personnel.

Last Updated by NYSED: December 19, 2019

REQUIRED COURSES

Listed below are the subjects of instruction required of students in Grades K-6, 7-8, and 9-12.

Children who turn six on or before December 1st are required to receive instruction from the start of the school year in September of that year (*Education Law 3205*).

Grades K-6
Arithmetic
Reading
Spelling
Writing
English language
Geography
U.S. history
Science
Health Education
Music
Visual Arts
Physical Education
Bilingual education
and/or English as a
second language where
the need is indicated.

Grades 7-8	Units		
Glades 7-6	(Years)		
English	2		
History/Geography	2		
Science	2		
Mathematics	2		
Physical Education	2		
Health Education	2		
Art	1/2		
Music	1/2		
Practical Arts	Regularly		
(Life Skills)			
Library Skills	Regularly		
The units/years required are			
cumulative requirements for			
both grades 7 and 8.			

Grades 9-12	Units
0.00.00	(Years)
English	4
Social Studies	4
which includes:	
American history	1
Participation in Government	1/2
Economics	1/2
Mathematics	2
Science	2
Art and/or Music	1
Health Education	1/2
Physical Education	2
Electives	3
The units/years required are cumulative	
requirements for grades 9 through	12.

A unit means 6,480 minutes of instruction per school year.

Education Law, sections 801, 804, 806, and 808, also require the following subjects to be covered during grades K - 12:

- · Patriotism and citizenship
- Health education regarding alcohol, drug and tobacco misuse
- · Highway safety and traffic regulations
- Bicycle safety
- · Fire and arson prevention and safety

Regulation 100.10 (e, iii) The following courses shall be taught at least once during the grades 1-8.

- United States history
- New York State history
- · Constitution of the United States
- · Constitution of New York State

Parents and the district must comply with C.R. 100.10 even if the supplier of the curriculum materials considers the student to be enrolled in its correspondence school.

The following pages are provided as a model to assist parents to develop the Individual Home Instruction Plan (IHIP) and quarterly reports. Copies of these pages can be used as part of the required reports.

STUDENTS NAME:		STUDENTS DOB:
PARENTS NAME:		STUDENTS AGE:
MAILING ADDRESS:		GRADE LEVEL:
PHONE: E	MAIL:	SCHOOL DISTRICT:
QUARTERLY REPORT SUBMISSION	ON DATES (Include month, day, and ye	ear):
1 ST Quarter / 2 nd Q	Quarter / / 3 rd Quarter	// 4 th Quarter// (No later than June 30 th of school year.)
		nstruction Regulations C.R.100.10 (d). List syllabi, he required subjects listed in subdivision (e).
Required Subject	Curriculum and T	Textbook / Plan of Instruction
ARITHMETIC		
READING		
SPELLING		
WRITING		
ENGLISH LANGUAGE		
GEOGRAPHY		

	U.S. HISTORY			
	SCIENCE			
	HEALTH EDUCATION			
	MUSIC			
	VISUAL ARTS			
Р	HYSICAL EDUCATION			
AND/	ILINGUAL EDUCATION OR ENGLISH AS A SECOND GUAGE WHERE THE NEED IS INDICATED.			
Followi	ng subjects to be covered d	uring grades kindergarten	through 12:	
a.	Patriotism and Citizenship		Year completed:	
b.	Health education regarding drug and tobacco use.	; alcohol	Year completed:	
C.	Highway safety and traffic Including bicycle safety.	regulations,	Year completed:	
d.	Fire and arson prevention	and safety.	Year completed:	
Followi	ng subjects to be covered a	least once during grades	1 - 8:	
a.	United States history	annua annua Branco	Year completed:	
b.	New York State history		Year completed:	
c.	Constitutions of the United	States and		
	New York State		Year completed:	
NAMES	OF INDIVIDUALS PROVIDIN	G INSTRUCTION:		

INDIVIDUAL HOME INSTRUCTION PLAN (IHIP) <u>GRADES 7 and 8</u>

TUDENTS NAME: STUDENTS DOB:		TUDENTS DOB:	
PARENTS NAME:	S1	GRADE LEVEL:	
MAILING ADDRESS:	G		
PHONE: E	MAIL: SO	CHOOL DISTRICT:	
QUARTERLY REPORT SUBMISSION	ON DATES (Include month, day, and year):	:	
1 ST Quarter / / 2 nd Q	uarter / / 3 rd Quarter /	_ / 4 th Quarter / / (No later than June 30 th of school year.)	
	current school year as required in Home Instr plan of instruction to be used in each of the r	ruction Regulations C.R.100.10 (d). List syllabi, required subjects listed in subdivision (e).	
Required Subject	Curriculum and Text	book / Plan of Instruction	
ENGLISH (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)			
HISTORY/GEOGRAPHY (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)			
SCIENCE (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)			
MATHEMATICS (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)			
PHYSICAL EDUCATION (ON A REGULAR BASIS) (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)			
HEALTH EDUCATION (ON A REGULAR BASIS) (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)			

(H <i>A</i>	ART ALF UNIT = HALF YEAR)			
(HA	MUSIC ALF UNIT = HALF YEAR)			
(C	TICAL ARTS (LIFE SKILLS) ON A REGULAR BASIS) (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)			
	LIBRARY SKILLS ON A REGULAR BASIS) (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)			
ollowir	ng subjects to be covered d	uring grades kindergarten thro	ough 12:	
a.	Patriotism and Citizenship		Year completed:	
b.	Health education regarding drug and tobacco use.	; alcohol	Year completed:	
C.	Highway safety and traffic Including bicycle safety.	regulations,	Year completed:	
d.	Fire and arson prevention	and safety.	Year completed:	
ollowir	ng subjects to be covered a	least once during grades 1 - 8	8:	
a.	United States history		Year completed:	
b.	New York State history		Year completed:	
C.	Constitutions of the United New York State	States and	Year completed:	
LABATC	OF INDIVIDUALS PROVIDIN	C INICTRUCTION.		

INDIVIDUAL HOME INSTRUCTION PLAN (IHIP) <u>GRADES 9 - 12</u>

STUDENTS NAME:			STUDENT	S DOB:
PARENTS NAME:			STUDENT	S AGE:
MAILING ADDRESS:		_	GRADE LE	VEL:
PHONE:E	MAIL:		SCHOOL [DISTRICT:
QUARTERLY REPORT SUBMISSION	ON DATES (Include moi	nth, day, and ye	ear):	
1 ST Quarter / 2 nd C	Quarter / / :	3 rd Quarter	_//	4 th Quarter// (No later than June 30 th of school year.)
Describe the student's IHIP for the curriculum materials, textbooks or				egulations C.R.100.10 (d). List syllabi, subjects listed in subdivision (e).
Required Subject		Curriculum and	Textbook / Pl	an of Instruction
ENGLISH (4 units = 4 years)				
SOCIAL STUDIES (4 units = 4 years)				
Which includes:				
American history (1 year)				
Participation in Gov't (1/2 year)				
Economics (1/2 year)				
MATHEMATICS (2 units = 2 years)				Year/Grade Completed:
				rear/ Grade Completed:
SCIENCE (2 units = 2 years)				
				Year/Grade Completed:
ART and/or MUSIC (1 unit = 1 year)				Vear/Grade Completed:

HEALTH EDUCATION (1/2 years) PHYSICAL EDUCATION (2 years) 3 UNITS = 3 YEARS OF ELECTIVES ELECTIVE Year/Grade Completed: Year/Grade Completed: ELECTIVE Year/Grade Completed: Year/Grade Completed: ELECTIVE Year/Grade Completed: Description of the second during grades kindergarten through 12: a. Patriotism and citizenship b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. Year completed: C. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Vear completed: Year completed:							
PHYSICAL EDUCATION (2 years) S UNITS = 3 YEARS OF ELECTIVES ELECTIVE Year/Grade Completed: ELECTIVE Year/Grade Completed: Year/Grade Completed:	I					Year/Grade Co	mpleted:
ELECTIVE Year/Grade Completed:	Р						
Following subjects to be covered during grades kindergarten through 12: a. Patriotism and citizenship Year completed: b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. Year completed: c. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed:			2 LIMITE	- 2 VEARS O	F ELECTIVES	Year/Grade Co	mpleted:
Following subjects to be covered during grades kindergarten through 12: a. Patriotism and citizenship Year completed: b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. Year completed: c. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed: Year completed: Year completed: Year completed: Year completed:		ELECTIVE	3 010113	- 3 TEARS O	FELECTIVES		
Following subjects to be covered during grades kindergarten through 12: a. Patriotism and citizenship Year completed: b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. Year completed: c. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed: Year completed: Year completed: Year completed: Year completed:						Year/Grade Co	mpleted:
Following subjects to be covered during grades kindergarten through 12: a. Patriotism and citizenship Year completed:		ELECTIVE					
Following subjects to be covered during grades kindergarten through 12: a. Patriotism and citizenship Year completed: b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. Year completed: c. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed:						Year/Grade Co	mpleted:
Following subjects to be covered during grades kindergarten through 12: a. Patriotism and citizenship Year completed: b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. Year completed: c. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed:		ELECTIVE				Year/Grade Co	mpleted:
 a. Patriotism and citizenship b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. c. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed:							•
 a. Patriotism and citizenship b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. c. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed:							
b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. Year completed: C. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed:	Followi	ng subjects to be covered d	uring grades kindergar	ten through	12:		
drug and tobacco use. Year completed: Example 1	a.	Patriotism and citizenship			Year completed:		
Including bicycle safety. Year completed:	b.		; alcohol		Year completed:		
d. Fire and arson prevention and safety. Year completed:	C.		regulations,		Year completed:		
	d.	Fire and arson prevention	and safety.		Year completed:		
NAMES OF INDIVIDUALS PROVIDING INSTRUCTION:	NI A B 4 E C	OF INDIVIDUALS BROWN	C INSTRUCTION.				

QUARTERLY REPORT GRADES K – 6

	GRADES K = 0	
STUDENTS NAME:	QUARTER #	
PARENTS NAME:	NUMBER OF HOURS	S PER QUARTER
MAILING ADDRESS:	camalative nours	of instruction for grades
SCHOOL DISTRICT:		900 hours per year.
C.R. 100.10 (g) Quarterly Reports. Or furnished by the parent to the school The Quarterly Report shall contain the		ly report for each child shall b
Required Subject	Description of the Material Covered	Grade or Written Narrative
ARITHMETIC		

READING

SPELLING

WRITING

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

GEOGRAPHY

Required Subject	Descrip	tion of the Material Covered	Grade or Written Narrative
U.S. HISTORY			
SCIENCE			
HEALTH EDUCATION			
MUSIC			
VISUAL ARTS			
PHYSICAL EDUCATION			
BILINGUAL EDUCATION AND/OR ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE WHERE THE NEED IS INDICATED.			
Following subjects to be covered	d during grades kindergarten the	rough 12:	
a. Patriotism and Citizens	hip	Year completed:	_
 Health education regar drug and tobacco use. 	ding alcohol	Year completed:	_
 Highway safety and tra Including bicycle safety 		Year completed:	
d. Fire and arson preventi	ion and safety.	Year completed:	
Following subjects to be covered	d at least once during grades 1 -		
a. United States history		Year completed:	_
b. New York State history		Year completed:	
c. Constitutions of the Un New York State	ited States and	Year completed:	_
We have covered at least 80% if	f our planned material in each su	ubject area for this quarter: Yes □ No □ If no, pleas	se provide an explanation.
NAMES OF INDIVIDUALS PRO	VIDING INSTRUCTION:		

QUARTERLY REPORT GRADES 7 and 8

STUDENTS NAME:	QUARTER #			
PARENTS NAME:	NUMBER OF HO	Cumulative hours of instruction for grades		
MAILING ADDRESS:				
SCHOOL DISTRICT:		all be 990 hours per year.		
C.R. 100.10 (g) Quarterly Reports. On furnished by the parent to the school. The Quarterly Report shall contain the		rterly report for each child shall be		
Required Subject	Description of the Material Covered	Grade or Written Narrative		
ENGLISH (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)				
HISTORY/GEOGRAPHY (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)				
SCIENCE (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)				
MATHEMATICS (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)				
PHYSICAL EDUCATION (ON A REGULAR BASIS) (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)				
HEALTH EDUCATION (ON A REGULAR BASIS) (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)				

F	Required Subject	Desc	ription of the M	aterial Covered	Grade or Written Narrative
(HAL	ART F UNIT = HALF YEAR)				
(HAL	MUSIC F UNIT = HALF YEAR)				
(ON	PRACTICAL ARTS (LIFE SKILLS) I A REGULAR BASIS) UNITS = 2 YEARS)				
(ON	LIBRARY SKILLS I A REGULAR BASIS) UNITS = 2 YEARS)				
Followin	ng subjects to be covered	during grades kindergart	en through 12:		
a.				Year completed:	
b.	Health education regard	ling alcohol			
c.	drug and tobacco use. Highway safety and traf	fic regulations.		Year completed:	
٠.	Including bicycle safety.			Year completed:	
	Fire and arson prevention			Year completed:	
Followir	ng subjects to be covered	at least once during grad	es 1 – 8:		
a.	United States history			Year completed:	
b.	New York State history			Year completed:	
c.	Constitutions of the Uni New York State	ted States and		Year completed:	
				or this quarter: Yes □ No □	se provide an explanation.

QUARTERLY REPORT GRADES 9 - 12

STUDENTS NAME:	QUARTER #
PARENTS NAME:	NUMBER OF HOURS PER QUARTER
MAILING ADDRESS:	Cumulative hours of instruction for grades
SCHOOL DISTRICT:	9 - 12 shall be 990 hours per year.

C.R. 100.10 (g) Quarterly Reports. On or before the dates specified by the parent in the IHIP, a quarterly report for each child shall be furnished by the parent to the school district.

The Quarterly Report shall contain the following:

Required Subject	Description of the Material Covered.	Grade or Written Narrative	# of Hours per Subject
ENGLISH (4 units = 4 years)			
SOCIAL STUDIES (4 units = 4 years)			
Which includes:			
American history (1 year)			
Participation in Gov't (1/2 year)			
Economics (1/2 year)			
MATHEMATICS (2 units = 2 years)			
	Year/Grade Completed:		
SCIENCE (2 units = 2 years)			
	Year/Grade Completed:		
ART and/or MUSIC (1 unit = 1 year)			
	Year/Grade Completed:		

	Required Subject	Desc	ription of the Material Covered.	Grade or	# of Hours
			- In the material coversal	Written Narrative	per Subject
HE	ALTH EDUCATION				
	(1/2 year)				
	, , ,				
			Year/Grade Completed:		
PH'	YSICAL EDUCATION				
	(2 years)				
		21111172 21/545	Year/Grade Completed:		
	ELECTIVE	3 UNITS = 3 YEARS	S OF ELECTIVES		
	ELECTIVE				
			Year/Grade Completed:		
	ELECTIVE				
			Year/Grade Completed:		
	ELECTIVE				
			Year/Grade Completed:		
Followir	ng subjects to be covered	during grades kinderg	earten through 12:		
a.	Patriotism and citizenshi		Year completed:		
b.	Health education regard		rear completed.		
٥.	drug and tobacco use.	ing diconor	Year completed:		
c.	Highway safety and traff	ic regulations,			
	Including bicycle safety.		Year completed:		
d.	Fire and arson preventio	n and safety.	Year completed:		
We hav	ve covered at least 90% if	our planned material is	n each subject area for this quarter: Yes □ No □ If	no please provide an o	volanation
AAC IIQ	ve covered at least 6070 II (our planned material i	in each subject area for this quarter. Tes 🗀 NO 🗀 II	no, picase provide all ex	vpianatioff.
NAMES	OF INDIVIDUALS PROV	IDING INSTRUCTIO	N:		

INTRODUCTION

The issuance of the Commissioner of Education's regulations, C.R. 100.10, establishing the requirements for home instruction has led to the need for a set of procedures to help component school district superintendents meet the mandates of assessing home instruction and assisting parents.

Dutchess BOCES is prepared to complete the necessary reviews and to make a final report to the local school district superintendent, *Home Instruction CoSer - 560.000*. However, while assistance will be provided by Dutchess BOCES, under the regulations, the local school district superintendent will still maintain the final responsibility and authority on all compliance issues.

The manual is designed to be of assistance to school district personnel and to parents. It outlines the requirements of home instruction and identifies areas of responsibility. Suggested forms are included to provide necessary information in a clear and organized manner.

All information/regulations can be viewed online at: http://www.nysed.gov/nonpublic-schools/home-instruction

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OUTLINE OF PROCEDURES AND TIME REQUIREMENTS

Letter of Intent and Individual Home Instruction Plan (IHIP)

WHO	WHAT	WHEN	REFERENCE	PAGE#
Parent	Provide written notice to the superintendent of schools of their intention to home instruct their children.	By July 1 st of the school year. If after the start of the school year within 14 days of commencement of home instruction.	C.R. 100.10 (b) (1) (2)	3
Dutchess BOCES	Send Home Instruction Manual. Include sample form for parent to submit IHIP.	Within 10 business days of the receipt of the Letter of Intent.	C.R. 100.10 (c) (1)	3
Parent	Submit completed IHIP to Dutchess BOCES.	Within 4 weeks of the receipt of the manual, or by August 15th, whichever is later.	C.R. 100.10 (c) (2)	3
Dutchess BOCES	Notify parent that the IHIP complies with requirements (subdivisions (d) and (e)) or give parents written notice of deficiencies.	By August 31st, or within 15 days, whichever is later.	C.R. 100.10 (c)	3
Parent	If necessary, submit a revised IHIP to Dutchess BOCES.	Within 15 days of receipt of deficiencies.	C.R. 100.10 (c) (4)	3
School District / Dutchess BOCES	Review revised IHIP, notify parent of compliance.	Within 15 days of receipt of revised IHIP, or by September 30th, whichever is later.	C.R. 100.10 (c) (5)	4
BOCES	If noncompliant parents have the right to contest the determination (in writing).	If noncompliant district shall notify parent of next Board of Education meeting where parent can contest the determination.		
		Parent shall provide proof of compliance to the Board of Education.		
Board of Education		Make final determination of compliance or noncompliance.		
Parent		If necessary, appeal a final determination to the Commissioner of Education.	(6)	
		Provide instruction of their children in a public school or elsewhere.	(7)	
		Furnish this information, in writing, to School District.	(8)	

Quarterly Report

WHÓ	WHAT	WHEN	REGULATION	PAGE #
Parent	Submit to Dutchess BOCES quarterly reports for each child.	On or before dates specified in IHIP.	C.R. 100.10 (g)	6
Dutchess BOCES	Review quarterly report, notify parent of compliance or noncompliance. Notify parent of revisions required.	Within 30 days of receipt of quarterly report.	(1) (2) (3) (4)	
Parent	Submit revised quarterly report.	Within 15 days of receipt of revisions.		

Annual Assessment

WHO	WHAT	WHEN	REGULATION	PAGE #
Parent	Annual Assessment	Within 30 days of filing the fourth quarterly report, or by July 31st, whichever is later.	C.R. 100.10 (h) (1) (2) (3)	6, 7
Dutchess BOCES	Confirm Annual Assessment complies with requirements of subdivision (h).	Within 30 days of receipt of annual assessment or by July 31st, whichever is later.	nt,	

Probation

WHÓ	WHAT	WHEN	REGULATION	PAGE #
School District	If the child's annual assessment fails to be adequate, the home school program will be placed on probation for a maximum of 2 years. Adequate	Following the submission of the annual assessment by the parent	C.R. 100.10 (h) (3)	7
	determined: if the score is above 33% percentile on national norms, or if score reflects 1 year's growth.			

C.R. 100.10 Home Instruction Regulations

a. **Purpose of section.** The purpose of this section is to establish procedures to assist school authorities in fulfilling their responsibility under Education Law, sections 3204(2) and 3210(2)(d), and in meeting their responsibility of determining the competency of the instructor and substantial equivalence of instruction being provided at home to students of compulsory school attendance age, and to assist parents who exercise their right to provide required instruction at home to such students in fulfilling their responsibilities under Education Law, section 3212(2).

b. Notice of intention to instruct at home.

- 1. Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subdivision, parents or other persons in parental relation to a student of compulsory school attendance age shall annually provide written notice to the superintendent of schools of their school district of residence of their intention to educate their child at home by July 1st of each school year. The school year begins July 1st and ends June 30th for all purposes within this section. In the case of the City School District of the City of New York, the school district of residence for students who, if enrolled in the public schools, would attend elementary school, intermediate school or junior high school in a community school district, shall be deemed to be the community school district in which the parents reside.
- Parents who determine to commence home instruction after the start of the school year, or who establish
 residence in the school district after the start of the school year, shall provide written notice of their intention to
 educate their child at home within 14 days following the commencement of home instruction within the school
 district.

c. Procedures for development and review of an individualized home instruction plan (IHIP).

- Within 10 business days of the receipt of the notice of intention to instruct at home, the school district shall send
 to the parents a copy of this section 100.10 of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education and a form on
 which to submit an individualized home instruction plan (IHIP) for each child of compulsory attendance age who is
 to be taught at home.
- Within four weeks of the receipt of such materials, or by August 15th the parent shall submit the completed IHIP form to the school district. The district shall provide assistance in preparation of the forms, if requested by the parents.
- 3. Within 10 business days of receipt of the IHIP, or by August 31st, whichever is later, the school district shall either notify the parents that the IHIP complies with the requirements of subdivisions (d) and (e) of this section or shall give the parents written notice of any deficiency in the IHIP.
- Within 15 days of receipt of a notice of a deficiency in the IHIP, or by September 15th, whichever is later, the
 parents shall submit a revised IHIP which corrects any such deficiencies.

- 5. The superintendent of schools shall review the revised IHIP and shall notify the parents as to whether the revised IHIP complies with subdivisions (d) and (e) of this section within 15 days of receipt of the revised IHIP or by September 30th, whichever is later. If the revised IHIP is determined not to be in compliance with subdivisions (d) and (e) of this section, then the parents shall be notified in writing of the reasons for such determination. Such notice shall also contain the date of the next regularly scheduled meeting of the board of education that will be held at least 10 days after the date of mailing of the notice, and shall indicate that if the parents wish to contest the determination of noncompliance, the parents must so notify the board of education at least three business days prior to such meeting. At such board meeting, the parents shall have the right to present proof of compliance, and the board of education shall make a final determination of compliance or noncompliance.
- 6. The parents shall have the right to appeal any such final school district determination of noncompliance to the Commissioner of Education within 30 days after receipt of such determination.
- 7. When administrative review of a school district determination of noncompliance is completed, the parents shall immediately provide for the instruction of their children at a public school or elsewhere in compliance with Education Law, sections 3204 and 3210. For purposes of this subdivision, such administrative review shall be deemed to be completed when one of the following events has occurred:
 - the parents have failed to contest a determination of noncompliance by appealing to the board of education;
 - ii. the parents have failed to appeal a final school district determination of noncompliance to the Commissioner of Education; or
 - iii. the parents have received a decision of the Commissioner of Education which upholds a final school district determination of noncompliance.
- 8. Within 10 days after administrative review of the determination of noncompliance is completed, the parents shall furnish the superintendent of schools with written notice of the arrangements they have made to provide their children with the required instruction, except that such notice shall not be required if the parents enroll their children in a public school.

d. Content of individualized home instruction plan (IHIP). Each child's IHIP shall contain:

- 1. the child's name, age and grade level;
- 2. a list of the syllabi, curriculum materials, textbooks or plan of instruction to be used in each of the required subjects listed in subdivision (e) of this section;
- 3. the dates for submission to the school district of the parents' quarterly reports as required in subdivision (g) of this section. These reports shall be spaced in even and logical periods;
- 4. the names of the individuals providing instruction; and
- 5. a statement that the child will be meeting the compulsory educational requirements of Education Law, section 3205 through full-time study at a degree-granting institution, meaning enrollment for at least 12 semester hours in a semester or its equivalent, if that is the case. In this situation, the IHIP shall identify the degree-granting institution and the subjects to be covered by that study.

e. Required courses.

- 1. For purposes of this subdivision, a unit means 6,480 minutes of instruction per school year.
- 2. Instruction in the following subjects shall be required:
 - i. For grades one through six: arithmetic, reading, spelling, writing, the English language, geography, United States history, science, health education, music, visual arts, physical education, bilingual education and/or English as a second language where the need is indicated.
 - ii. For grades seven and eight: English (two units); history and geography (two units); science (two units); mathematics (two units); physical education (on a regular basis); health education (on a regular basis); art (one-half unit); music (one-half unit); practical arts (on a regular basis); and library skills (on a regular basis). The units required herein are cumulative requirements for both grades seven and eight.
 - iii. The following courses shall be taught at least once during the first eight grades: United States history, New York State history, and the Constitutions of the United States and New York State.
 - iv. For grades 9 through 12: English (four units); social studies (four units), which includes one unit of American history, one-half unit in participation in government, and one- half unit of economics; mathematics (two units); science (two units); art and/or music (one unit); health education (one-half unit); physical education (two units); and three units of electives. The units required herein are cumulative requirements for grades 9 through 12.
 - v. Education Law, sections 801, 804, 806 and 808, also require the following subjects to be covered during grades kindergarten through 12:
 - a. patriotism and citizenship;
 - b. health education regarding alcohol, drug and tobacco misuse;
 - c. highway safety and traffic regulations, including bicycle safety; and
 - d. fire and arson prevention and safety.
- 3. A student shall be exempted from the unit of study requirement of paragraph (1) of this subdivision if such student is unable to meet such unit of study requirement due to the State of emergency declared by the governor pursuant to an Executive Order for the COVID-19 crisis where such student otherwise achieves the learning outcomes for the portion of such unit of study completed.

f. Attendance requirements. Each child shall attend upon instruction as follows:

- 1. The substantial equivalent of 180 days of instruction shall be provided each school year.
- 2. The cumulative hours of instruction for grades 1 through 6 shall be 900 hours per year. The cumulative hours of instruction for grades 7 through 12 shall be 990 hours per year.
- 3. Absences shall be permitted on the same basis as provided in the policy of the school district for its own students.
- Records of attendance shall be maintained by the parent and shall be made available to the school district upon request.
- 5. Instruction provided at a site other than the primary residence of the parents shall be provided in a building which has not been determined to be in violation of the local building code.

- 6. A student shall be exempted from the instructional day and/or hour requirement(s) set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subdivision where a home instruction program is unable to provide such instructional days and/or hours due to the State of emergency declared by the governor pursuant to an Executive Order for the COVID-19 crisis provided that such home instruction provided continuity of learning for such student.
- g. **Quarterly reports**. On or before the dates specified by the parent in the IHIP, a quarterly report for each child shall be furnished by the parent to the school district. The quarterly report shall contain the following:
 - 1. the number of hours of instruction during said quarter;
 - 2. a description of the material covered in each subject listed in the IHIP;
 - 3. either a grade for the child in each subject or a written narrative evaluating the child's progress; and
 - 4. a written explanation in the event that less than 80 percent of the amount of the course materials as set forth in the IHIP planned for that quarter has been covered in any subject.
- h. **Annual assessment**. At the time of filing the fourth quarterly report as specified in the IHIP, the parent shall also file an annual assessment in accordance with this subdivision. The annual assessment shall include the results of a commercially published norm referenced achievement test which meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subdivision, or an alternative form of evaluation which meets the requirements of paragraph (2) of this subdivision.
 - 1. Commercially published norm-referenced achievement tests.
 - The test shall be selected by the parent from one of the following: the lowa Test of Basic Skills, the California Achievement Test, the Stanford Achievement Test, the Comprehensive Test of Basic Skills, the Metropolitan Achievement Test, a State Education Department test, or another test approved by the State Education Department.
 - ii. The test shall be administered in accordance with one of the following options, to be selected by the parents:
 - a. at the public school, by its professional staff;
 - at a registered nonpublic school, by its professional staff, provided that the consent of the chief school officer of the nonpublic school is obtained;
 - at a nonregistered nonpublic school, by its professional staff, provided that the consent of the superintendent of schools of the school district and of the chief school officer of the nonpublic school is obtained; or
 - d. at the parents' home or at any other reasonable location, by a New York State- certified teacher or by another qualified person, provided that the superintendent has consented to having said certified teacher or other person administer the test.
 - iii. The test shall be scored by the persons administering the test or by other persons who are mutually agreeable to the parents and the superintendent of schools.
 - iv. The test shall be provided by the school district upon request by the parent, provided that the cost of any testing facilities, transportation, and/or personnel for testing conducted at a location other than the public school shall be borne by the parent.

- v. If a score on a test is determined to be inadequate, the program shall be placed on probation pursuant to subdivision (i) of this section. A student's score shall be deemed adequate if:
 - a. the student has a composite score above the 33rd percentile on national norms; or
 - b. the student's score reflects one academic year of growth as compared to a test administered during or subsequent to the prior school year.
- Alternative evaluation methods. An alternative form of evaluation shall be permitted to be chosen by the parent only as follows:
 - i. for grades one through three, a written narrative prepared by a person specified in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph;
 - ii. for grades four through eight, a written narrative prepared by a person specified in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph. This alternative form of evaluation may be used no more often than every other school year for these grades;
 - iii. for the purposes of this paragraph, the person who prepares the written narrative shall be a New York State-certified teacher, a home instruction peer group review panel, or other person, who has interviewed the child and reviewed a portfolio of the child's work. Such person shall certify either that the child has made adequate academic progress or that the child has failed to make adequate progress. In the event that such child has failed to make adequate progress, the home instruction program shall be placed on probation pursuant to subdivision (i) of this section. The certified teacher, peer review panel or other person shall be chosen by the parent with the consent of the superintendent. Any resulting cost shall be borne by the parent.
- 3. If a dispute arises between the parents and the superintendent of schools, including disputes over the administration of the commercially published norm-referenced achievement test or the use of alternative evaluation methods, the parents may appeal to the board of education. If the parents disagree with the determination of the board of education, the parents may appeal to the Commissioner of Education within 30 days of receipt of the board's final determination.

i. Probation.

- 1. If a child's annual assessment fails to comply with the requirements of subdivision (h) of this section, the home instruction program shall be placed on probation for a period of up to two school years. The parent shall be required to submit a plan of remediation which addresses the deficiencies in the child's achievement, and seeks to remedy said deficiencies. The plan shall be reviewed by the school district. The school district may require the parents to make changes in the plan prior to acceptance.
- 2. If after the end of any semester of the probationary period, the child progresses to the level specified in the remediation plan, then the home instruction program shall be removed from probation. If the child does not attain at least 75 percent of the objectives specified in the remediation plan at the end of any given semester within the period of probation, or if after two years on probation 100 percent of the objectives of the remediation plan have not been satisfied, the superintendent of schools shall provide the parents with the notice specified in paragraph

- (c)(5) of this section and the board of education shall review the determination of noncompliance in accordance with such paragraph, except that consent of the parents to such review shall not be required.
- 3. If, during the period of probation, the superintendent of schools has reasonable grounds to believe that the program of home instruction is in substantial noncompliance with these regulations, the superintendent may require one or more home visits. Such home visit(s) shall be made only after three days'written notice. The purpose of such visit(s) shall be to ascertain areas of noncompliance with these regulations and to determine methods of remediating any such deficiencies. The home visit(s) shall be conducted by the superintendent or by the superintendent's designee. The superintendent may include members of a home instruction peer review panel in the home visit team.

Contact

University of the State of New York - New York State Education Department

Home Instruction Questions and Answers

General

1. Who is eligible to receive homebound instruction?

Homebound instruction is a form of tutorial services, provided to public or nonpublic students, by the public school district of residence. These services are provided in accordance with Commissioner's Regulations 175.21 to students who are unable to attend their public or nonpublic school because of physical, mental, or emotional illness or injury. Parents requesting these services must comply with local board of education requirements to provide medical verification of the student's inability to attend school for a time that exceeds the number of days required by the district.

Homebound/tutorial services is so is a by public school to comply with con pull ory education requirements (Education Law 3205) for students unable to attend school because they have been suspended.

If the parents and public school are to disagreement concerning the validity of the math reason provided for the student not to attend school, the parents may consent to have their private health care or mental health provider discuss their recommendations with the school districts of bloods (commonly referred to as the medical director). Parents also have the right to ask that their child be evaluated by the public school for special education, or the public or nonpublic school for Section 504 needs pursuant to federal laws. Parents may appeal school practices to their school district's board of education or nonpublic school's governing body and then the Commissioner of Education that they believe the decisions to be unlawful. Educational laws and the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education may be reviewed at http://www.p12.nysed.gov/sss/lawsregs/. Directions for making an appeal to the Commissioner of Education are available at http://www.counsel.nysed.gov/appeals/.

2. May a district require parents to enroll their child in the public school if they plan to provide home instruction?

No. Parents are not required to enroll their child in the public school if they plan to provide home instruction. However, the parent, if requested, must demonstrate that the child resides within the school district and is of compulsory age.

3. Are parents required to meet with school officials?

No. School officials may request a meeting with parents to discuss the process of home schooling, but they may not deny parents the right to home instruct if the parents decline such a meeting.

4. Must a district respond to a letter of intent?

Yes. The district is obligated to reply within 10 business days of receiving the notice of intent by sending to the parents a copy of <u>C.R. 100.10</u> and a form on which to submit an <u>IHIP</u>.

5. May parents engage a tutor to provide home instruction?

Yes. Parents may engage the services of a tutor to provide instruction for all or a portion of the home instruction program.

6. May groups of parents provide home instruction collectively by engaging the services of a tutor to provide group instruction to their children?

Parents providing home instruction to their children may arrange to have their children instructed in a group situation for particular subjects but not for a majority of the home instruction program. Where groups of parents organize to provide group instruction by a tutor for a majority of the instructional program, they are operating a nonpublic school and are no longer providing home instruction. Substantial equivalency of a nonpublic school program is not determined pursuant to Section 100.10 of the Regulations of the Commissioner.

7. Must parents file a health inspection report or fire inspection report?

No. This is not required in the case of home instruction.

8. Must home instruction take place on days and during the times of day when school is in session?

Instruction at home is usually given within the general time frame of the normal school day, but greater flexibility in scheduling is possible. For example, parents may choose to provide instruction on weekends or in the evening. The total amount of instructional time per week should be generally comparable to that of the public school.

9. May a district require parents or tutors to produce credentials for home instruction?

No. State law does not require any specific credentials for the person(s) providing home instruction.

10. What is a Home Instruction Worksheet?

A Home Instruction Worksheet assists districts in maintaining and keeping records on home instruction. Although the worksheet is an internal district document completed by school officials, it may be filled out in consultation with the parents, if appropriate. Some of the information on the Worksheet will be derived from the quarterly reports and the annual evaluation.

11. Must the Home Instruction Worksheet be filled out by parents?

No. The Worksheet is for internal district use.

12. May students instructed at home by their parents take part in non-credit-bearing organized school activities such as clubs, sports, and intramurals?

Commissioner's Regulation (CR) 135.4(c)(7) directs that a participant in interscholastic sports must be enrolled in the public school; CR 135.1 directs that a participant in intramurals must be enrolled in the public school; however, children educated other than at the public school may, at the discretion of the board of education, participate in school-sponsored club activities. It is recommended that each board of education establish a policy to such effect.

13. May a student instructed at home participate in the school band and/or receive music lessons?

If the district considers these activities to be extra-curricular, such a student may participate in the band and/or receive music lessons. It is recommended that the board of education establish a policy regarding participation in these activities.

14. May students instructed at home be allowed to use school facilities such as the library, career information center and gymnasium?

Yes. Students may be allowed to use such school facilities provided that there is mutual agreement on the part of all involved parties.

15. Must students instructed at home meet immunization requirements for in-school students?

The provisions of Public Health Law Section 2164 which require parents to submit proof of immunization prior to admission of their children to a school do not apply to students being educated at home. If the Commissioner of Health notifies school officials of the outbreak of a disease for which immunization is required, however, parents of children on home instruction who seek to participate in testing or other activities on the premises of a public or nonpublic school must produce proof of immunization or the children must be denied access to the school building.

16. May parents or students on home instruction borrow instructional items from the public school such as library books, microscopes and movie projectors?

Yes. Although a public school is not obligated by law to lend such items, it may allow parents or students to borrow available materials.

17. Is a student instructed at home entitled to benefit from the loan programs (textbooks, library materials and computer software) available to students enrolled in nonpublic schools?

A student instructed at home is not enrolled in a nonpublic school and, therefore, the district is not obligated to loan those items which a district is required to provide, by statute, to children attending nonpublic schools. Although not required, a school district may offer such loans to the extent available.

18. Is the school district required to furnish health services to students on home instruction?

No. The district is not required to furnish health services.

19. Is the district responsible for providing remedial programs for students instructed at home?

No. The district is not responsible for providing remedial programs for these students.

20. May a student instructed at home participate in the instructional program of the school district?

The legislature has not authorized part-time attendance and, therefore, a student instructed at home may not participate in the instructional program of the school district.

21. May a district provide dual enrollment services under Section 3602-c to students instructed at home?

No.

22. Does a school district obtain State aid for students instructed at home by their parents?

School districts cannot claim State aid for students instructed at home.

23. How should school officials deal with the grade placement of a student who has been instructed at home and subsequently enters the public school?

As with any other transfer, the principal of the school determines the appropriate grade placement of the student.

24. Does a home-instructed student earn high school credits for completing the course work specified in the IHIP?

Credit is given only by schools. It is recommended that when a home-instructed student transfers from a high school program into a school that the principal of the school award credit on the basis of assessment or evidence that the student has successfully completed the course work.

25. May a student instructed at home be awarded a local or Regents diploma?

No. A high school diploma may only be awarded to a student enrolled in a registered secondary school who has completed all program requirements set by the Regents, the school or the district.

26. Is a K-8 school district responsible for a high school student on home instruction?

Yes. The district of residence retains responsibility for the student's education but is encouraged to consult with the receiving high school on the adequacy of the IHIP, quarterly reports and the annual assessment.

27. Is a student instructed at home eligible to participate in summer school programs operated by the public school district?

Yes. Summer school programs are open to all residents of the district.

28. May a superintendent apply for a variance under Commissioner's Regulation 100.2(n) to enable a parent to implement a program designed to provide excellence in education?

Yes. A superintendent may apply for a variance for a home instruction program.

29. Under what circumstances is a home instruction program placed on probation?

As described below, the circumstances depend upon the option selected by the parents for complying with the annual assessment requirement of subdivision (h) of Section 100.10 of the Regulations of the Commissioner.

- a. If parents submit test scores for an achievement test, the program will be placed on probation only if the composite score of the student is below the thirty-third percentile on national norms or the score fails to reflect one academic year of growth when compared to a prior test. The student's score on individual test subscores should not be considered in determining whether the program should be placed on probation.
- b. If parents submit a written narrative, the program will be placed on probation only if the evaluator certifies that the student has not made adequate academic progress.

30. Under what circumstances may a school district require home visits?

A school district may require home visits, upon three days' written notice to the parents, only when the home instruction program is on probation. Under any other circumstances, a school official may request a home visit but a parent would not be required to consent to the request.

31. If parents provide instruction at home to more than one child and the program for one child is placed on probation, must the programs for other children in the family be placed on probation?

No. Each child's achievement is evaluated separately. A situation may arise where one child's program is on probation, and yet one or more other children in the same family are making adequate progress so that their programs would not be placed on probation.

32. How should a district maintain records on students instructed at home?

It is recommended that the district complete a Worksheet for each student to place in the student's file along with the current IHIP, quarterly reports and annual evaluation information. A notation on the student's permanent record card should indicate the period during which the student is on home instruction.

33. How long should a district retain records on a home-instructed student?

There is no legal obligation specified in this matter. To the extent that records are kept, it is recommended that an annual Worksheet for each student be kept until six years after the student would have graduated from high school.

34. Should parents maintain records on students instructed at home?

Parents are required to keep attendance records for each student, but there is no legal obligation for them to maintain any other records. It is recommended that parents keep evidence of their programs and their children's achievement and correspondence with the school district.

35. If a student instructed at home is unable to read adequately or find employment following completion of educational requirements as defined within the compulsory education laws, can the school district be held liable?

No. As a matter of public policy, the highest court in New York State has declined to recognize a cause of action for educational malpractice. Where the board of education and superintendent of schools make good faith efforts to implement the requirements of Section 100.10 of the Regulations, there should not be a basis for liability under current law.

Individualized Home Instruction Plan (IHIP)

36. Are parents required to submit more than a list of textbooks in the IHIP to comply with the requirements of subdivision of Section 100.10?

The IHIP must include for each of the required courses either a list of syllabi, curriculum materials and textbooks to be used or a plan of instruction to be followed. A different alternative may be used for different subjects. While a list of textbooks may be submitted, it is reasonable for the district to require more than the name, publisher, copyright date and author's name if the district is not familiar with the textbook's content. If the district requests additional information beyond the list of textbooks, the parents may, at their option, submit either a written scope and sequence describing the text or a copy of the text for the district's review (which copy shall be promptly returned to the parents). The purpose of such review is not to compare the text with those employed by the district, but rather: 1) to insure that the parent is providing the mandated subjects for the grade level in question, and 2) to provide the district with more complete information to assist its review of quarterly reports and annual assessments.

37. When the IHIP is submitted by the parents, does the school district have the responsibility to make a subjective judgment of the substantial equivalency of the home instruction program?

No. The purpose of these regulations is to provide a basis for objective determinations of substantial equivalence. IHIP submissions are to be evaluated to determine compliance with subdivisions (d) and (e) of Section 100.10. Quarterly reports are to be evaluated to determine compliance with subdivision (g). Annual assessments must comply with the requirements of subdivision (h). A home instruction program that adheres to the standards of the regulations at each stage of the process should be deemed to be substantially equivalent.

38. Must the parents indicate on the IHIP what will be taught and the total time of instruction?

The IHIP must include a list of the syllabi, curriculum materials, or plan of instruction to be used in each of the subjects required for that grade level. The total number of hours of instruction per quarter must be documented on the quarterly report. It is recommended that, in the secondary grades, hours per subject be included in each quarterly report.

39. When must a student begin to receive instruction?

Education Law 3205 clarifies the age at which a student is subject to compulsory education. The law now requires children who turn six on or before December 1 to receive instruction from the start of the school year in September of that year. Children who turn six after December 1 must begin to receive instruction no later than the first day of school the following September.

40. Must the IHIP for a six-year-old indicate that the instruction is on the first grade level?

No. As with any age, instruction should be geared to the level appropriate to the student's needs and previous level of achievement.

41. Are students instructed at home required to take a second language?

No. They are not required to take a second language, but they may choose to study a second language.

42. Is physical education required?

Yes. Every student must have a physical education program. Activities may differ but outcomes should be similar to those established for students in the public school.

43. Must the topics proposed for study in each subject correspond to the material covered in the public school curriculum?

While the subjects required by Law and Regulation must be taught, the course content may differ.

44. If a student reaches the maximum age for compulsory attendance during the school year, must the IHIP for that student cover the full year?

Yes. Students who turn 16 (or 17 in New York City) between July 1 and June 30 are of compulsory attendance age during the entire school year.

45. Is a district required to review a IHIP for a student beyond compulsory attendance age?

No.

- 46. Can a district require parents to provide more information on the IHIP than the Regulations of the Commissioner require?

 No. A district may require only that information set forth in subdivision (d) of Section 100.10 of the Regulations of the Commissioner.
- 47. May a superintendent find a program of home instruction deficient, if he/she concludes that the student needs socialization or interaction with other children?

No. This is not a basis for finding a program of home instruction deficient.

48. Must home instruction for a student of limited English proficiency include instruction in the English language?

Yes. Home instruction for such a student must include instruction in the English language.

49. Are parents instructing their children at home required to teach courses which involve education about substance abuse, AIDS, human sexuality and family planning?

Parents are required to provide health education at all grade levels. Section 804 of the Education Law requires that such health education include instruction to discourage the misuse and abuse of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs. Section 135.3(b) of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education requires that the elementary and secondary health education curriculum include age appropriate instruction concerning the nature, methods of transmission and methods of prevention of the acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS). Parents must address the topic of AIDS as a part of the required health instruction at least once in grades K-6, once in grades 7-8 and once in grades 9-12. Parents may include instruction on human sexuality and family planning as part of their children's health education, but are not required to do so.

50. If a parent wanted to duplicate a home school program that is similar to the diploma requirements of public school students where would they look to find the requirements?

http://www.p12.nysed.gov/part100/pages/1005.html

51. Must a district notify parents that the IHIP is in compliance with C.R. 100.10?

Yes. The district is obligated to notify parents that the IHIP is in compliance. It is strongly recommended that such notification be in writing.

52. Must a board of education approve the IHIP?

No. The superintendent of schools is responsible for reviewing the IHIP and notifying the parents of its status.

53. When is the board of education involved in the process?

If the superintendent of schools determines that a revised IHIP is not in compliance and the parents contest that determination, the parents may meet with the board to present evidence of compliance. The board then makes its determination of compliance or noncompliance.

54. If the board finds that an IHIP is not in compliance, do the parents have the right to appeal?

Yes. The parents may appeal a determination of noncompliance by the board to the Commissioner of Education within 30 days of receiving notice of the determination.

55. Must the parents of a student instructed at home file an IHIP with the district if the student is enrolled in a correspondence school?

Yes. The obligation to file an IHIP does not depend on the source of material used but rather on the location of the student's instruction. The board of education is responsible for ensuring that any student of compulsory age living within the district is receiving an adequate program of instruction. The parents and the district must comply with <u>C.R. 100.10</u> even if the supplier of the curriculum materials considers the student to be enrolled in its school or program.

56. Does the State Education Department approve programs of home instruction provided by correspondence schools? No.

The State Education Department does not perform this function. Correspondence school materials for home instruction must be reviewed by the superintendent of schools.

Evaluation

57. When should parents inform the school district of their choice of a standardized test or alternative evaluation method?

No date is specified in the regulation but it is recommended that parents provide this information by the end of the third quarterly reporting period.

58. When is it necessary for parents to obtain the consent of the school district if they are using a norm-referenced achievement test for the annual assessment?

a. If the parents are having the student tested at a registered nonpublic school, the consent of the public school district is not required.

- b. If the parents are having the student tested at the public school, the testing should be done at the time of the school's own testing program, unless a mutually agreeable alternative is reached. The district should give the parents several weeks' notice of the dates for this testing.
- c. If the parents are having the student tested at another location, the school district is required to review, and (if in agreement) consent to the parents' selection of the test administrator.

59. Are students instructed at home required to take any State tests such as the PEP tests or RCTs?

No. These tests may be used to meet annual assessment requirements, but home-instructed students are not required to take them.

60. Which State tests suffice for an annual assessment?

Any State tests designed to evaluate individual student achievement are acceptable. State tests designed to evaluate a school's program (Program Evaluation Tests) are not appropriate for this purpose.

61. If parents instructing their children at home choose to use PEP tests or RCTs as a part of their annual evaluation, should the school district include their scores with the scores of the public school students?

No.

62. Can parents of a fourth-grader opt for an alternative form of evaluation?

Yes. Alternative forms of evaluation may be used every other year for pupils in grades 4 though 8. Thus, grade 4 could be the first year in this pattern.

63. Must the district administer tests during the school year to home-instructed students?

No. The district is not obligated to administer any tests unless the student is referred to the Committee on Special Education for evaluation.

64. May a student instructed at home take Regents examinations?

Yes.* If a request is made, school officials are encouraged to admit a student receiving home instruction to Regents examinations. If a Regents examination has a lab requirement, the student may be admitted to the examination if there is evidence that the student has met the lab requirement. The IHIP, quarterly reports and/or verification from the student's teacher can provide such evidence.

Regents examinations may only be administered at the public school or registered nonpublic school because they are secure examinations. The test results can be helpful to the student and also to public school officials.

65. If parents want to use one of the standardized tests listed in the home instruction regulation but not used by the school district, who orders and who pays for it?

If the parent chooses to use a test that has not been ordered for use in the public schools of the district, the school district, upon request of the parent, would order the test. The parent would, however, pay for the cost of procuring it.

^{*}Note that only those students who have been vaccinated consistent with Public Health Law §2164 or have a valid medical exemption will be allowed to take such examinations at the school.

66. May a parent administer a standardized test or prepare the written narrative of assessment?

Yes. With the consent of the superintendent, a parent may perform these actions.

67. What is a home instruction peer review panel and what is its function under the regulations?

A home instruction peer review panel is an advisory group of home instructing parents who prepare a written narrative of a student's achievement. Members of such a panel may be chosen by the parent with the consent of the superintendent.

68. What action should be taken by the district if parents do not submit any evaluation?

If phone calls or letters do not elicit the information, the district should notify parents by registered mail that the evaluation is due and set a reasonable date for its submission. If the information is not forthcoming, the district is without evidence that instruction has been taking place. In that case, the district would be obligated to report the case to the central registry as a case of suspected educational neglect.

Commencement of Home Instruction during the School Year

69. May a district refuse to consider a parent's request for home instruction if it occurs during the school year?

No. The district must respond to a letter of intent and to the submission of an IHIP at any time during the school year.

70. If home instruction begins during the normal school year, which timelines apply?

The regulation specifies that parents who decide to begin home instruction or parents who move into the district after the start of the school year must file a letter of intent within 14 days of beginning home instruction within the district.

From that point on, the usual timelines apply:

- Within 10 business days of receiving the letter, the district must furnish the parent with a copy of <u>C.R. 100.10</u> and an IHIP form for each child.
- Within 4 weeks of receiving it, the parent must submit the completed IHIP to the district.
- Within 10 business days of receiving the IHIP, the district must notify the parent whether it complies with the requirements of the regulation or give written notice of any deficiency.
- Within 15 days of receiving a notice of deficiency, the parent must submit a revised IHIP which corrects the deficiencies.
- Within 15 days of receiving the revised IHIP, the district must notify the parent as to whether it complies with the regulation.

71. Home instruction begins during the school year, when should parents schedule quarterly reports to the district?

The number of reports should be proportional to the period of home instruction. For example, if instruction begins at about the end the first reporting period in the public school, the parent would schedule three reports during the remainder of the year.

College Entrance

72. If home-instructed students cannot be awarded local or Regents high school diplomas, how can they gain entrance to colleges?

First, please note that seeking admission to college is entirely a choice that students make, and successfully gaining admission to college is entirely the responsibility of home-instructed students and their parents. It is not the responsibility

of the State Education Department or the local public school district to secure college admission for home-instructed students.

Second, colleges set their own admissions requirements. These requirements vary from college to college. The burden, therefore, is on home-instructed students (and their parents) to seek and acquire information on the admissions requirements of the colleges of their choice. The burden is also on home-instructed students (and their parents) to convince colleges to accept them. Because of this, home-instructed students (and their parents) may wish to seek information regarding the admissions requirements of the colleges of their choice well in advance of the actual application for admission.

Third, Listed below are some suggested strategies for home-instructed students (and their parents) to consider using to help them gain entrance to colleges. Consideration can be given to using a combination of these strategies. Please note that there is no guarantee that following any or all of the strategies listed below will ensure a home-instructed student's admission to any college. Again, if home-instructing students choose to pursue admission to college, they (and their parents) are fully responsible for this.

Suggested Strategies

- 1. A portfolio of the student's work, demonstrating its breadth and depth, might be developed over time. This portfolio can be shared with college admissions personnel to demonstrate the student's capabilities.
- 2. If a home-instructed student has taken Regents exams at the public school of residence, he/she can request the public school district to produce, on school letterhead, a list of the exams taken, the date on which they were taken, and the score the student earned. This list of Regents exam scores can be shared with college admissions personnel.
- 3. Home-instructed students can take the Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT) and/or other standardized tests used for college admissions purposes. Scores on these tests can be shared with college admissions personnel. Home-instructed students should contact their public school district about arrangements for taking the Scholastic Aptitude Test and/or achievement examinations offered by the College Board or the American College Testing Service.
- 4. If the student is beyond the age of compulsory education, and has completed a program of home instruction in compliance with <u>Section 100.10 of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education</u>, he/she can request that the superintendent of schools of the public school district of residence attest to this, in writing, on district letterhead. This can be shared with college admissions personnel. Please note, however, that the superintendent of schools may, but is under no obligation to, attest to this.
- 5. Home-instructed students can take the GED exam, when they have reached eligibility to do so. Students passing the GED exam can share their General Equivalency Diplomas with college admissions personnel.

Last Updated by NYSED: December 19, 2019

REQUIRED COURSES

Listed below are the subjects of instruction required of students in Grades K-6, 7-8, and 9-12.

Children who turn six on or before December 1st are required to receive instruction from the start of the school year in September of that year (*Education Law 3205*).

Grades K-6
Arithmetic
Reading
Spelling
Writing
English language
Geography
U.S. history
Science
Health Education
Music
Visual Arts
Physical Education
Bilingual education
and/or English as a
second language where
the need is indicated.

Grades 7-8	Units		
Glades 7-6	(Years)		
English	2		
History/Geography	2		
Science	2		
Mathematics	2		
Physical Education	2		
Health Education	2		
Art	1/2		
Music	1/2		
Practical Arts	Regularly		
(Life Skills)			
Library Skills	Regularly		
The units/years required are			
cumulative requirements for			
both grades 7 and 8.			

Grades 9-12	Units	
	(Years)	
English	4	
Social Studies	4	
which includes:		
American history	1	
Participation in Government	1/2	
Economics	1/2	
Mathematics	2	
Science	2	
Art and/or Music	1	
Health Education	1/2	
Physical Education	2	
Electives	3	
The units/years required are cumulative		
requirements for grades 9 through 12.		

A unit means 6,480 minutes of instruction per school year.

Education Law, sections 801, 804, 806, and 808, also require the following subjects to be covered during grades K - 12:

- · Patriotism and citizenship
- Health education regarding alcohol, drug and tobacco misuse
- · Highway safety and traffic regulations
- Bicycle safety
- · Fire and arson prevention and safety

Regulation 100.10 (e, iii) The following courses shall be taught at least once during the grades 1-8.

- United States history
- New York State history
- Constitution of the United States
- Constitution of New York State

Parents and the district must comply with C.R. 100.10 even if the supplier of the curriculum materials considers the student to be enrolled in its correspondence school.

The following pages are provided as a model to assist parents to develop the Individual Home Instruction Plan (IHIP) and quarterly reports. Copies of these pages can be used as part of the required reports.

STUDENTS NAME:		STUDENTS DOB:
PARENTS NAME:		STUDENTS AGE:
MAILING ADDRESS:		GRADE LEVEL:
PHONE: E	MAIL:	SCHOOL DISTRICT:
QUARTERLY REPORT SUBMISSION	ON DATES (Include month, day, and ye	ear):
1 ST Quarter / 2 nd Q	Quarter / 3 rd Quarter	_ / / 4 th Quarter / / (No later than June 30 th of school year.)
		Instruction Regulations C.R.100.10 (d). List syllabi, the required subjects listed in subdivision (e).
Required Subject	Curriculum and T	Textbook / Plan of Instruction
ARITHMETIC		
READING		
SPELLING		
WRITING		
ENGLISH LANGUAGE		
GEOGRAPHY		

	U.S. HISTORY				
	SCIENCE				
ı	HEALTH EDUCATION				
	MUSIC				
	VISUAL ARTS				
Р	HYSICAL EDUCATION				
AND/	ILINGUAL EDUCATION OR ENGLISH AS A SECOND GUAGE WHERE THE NEED IS INDICATED.				
Followi	ng subjects to be covered d	uring grades kindergar	ten through 1	12:	
a.	Patriotism and citizenship				
b.	Health education regarding drug and tobacco use.	g alcohol			
C.	Highway safety and traffic Including bicycle safety.	regulations,	١	ear completed:	 -
d.	Fire and arson prevention	and safety.	١	ear completed:	 _
Followi	ng subjects to be covered a	t least once during gra	des 1 - 8:		
a.	United States history	55		ear completed:	
b.	New York State history				
c.	Constitutions of the United New York State	l States and	١	ear completed:	 -
NAMES	OF INDIVIDUALS PROVIDIN	G INSTRUCTION:			

INDIVIDUAL HOME INSTRUCTION PLAN (IHIP) <u>GRADES 7 and 8</u>

STUDENTS NAME:		STUDENTS DOB:	
PARENTS NAME:	S1	TUDENTS AGE:	
MAILING ADDRESS:	G	RADE LEVEL:	
PHONE: E	MAIL: SO	CHOOL DISTRICT:	
QUARTERLY REPORT SUBMISSION	ON DATES (Include month, day, and year):	:	
1 ST Quarter / / 2 nd Q	uarter / / 3 rd Quarter /	_ / 4 th Quarter / / (No later than June 30 th of school year.)	
	current school year as required in Home Instr plan of instruction to be used in each of the r	ruction Regulations C.R.100.10 (d). List syllabi, required subjects listed in subdivision (e).	
Required Subject	Curriculum and Text	book / Plan of Instruction	
ENGLISH (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)			
HISTORY/GEOGRAPHY (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)			
SCIENCE (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)			
MATHEMATICS (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)			
PHYSICAL EDUCATION (ON A REGULAR BASIS) (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)			
HEALTH EDUCATION (ON A REGULAR BASIS) (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)			

ART (HALF UNIT = HALF YEAR)				
MUSIC (HALF UNIT = HALF YEAR)				
PRACTICAL ARTS (LIFE SKILLS (ON A REGULAR BASIS) (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)	5)			
LIBRARY SKILLS (ON A REGULAR BASIS) (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)				
Following subjects to be covere	ed during grades kinderg	arten through 12:		
a. Patriotism and citizens	hip	Year	completed:	
 b. Health education regar drug and tobacco use. 	ding alcohol	Year	completed:	
 Highway safety and tra Including bicycle safety 		Year	completed:	
d. Fire and arson prevent	ion and safety.	Year	completed:	
Following subjects to be covere	ed at least once during gr	ades 1 - 8:		
a. United States history		Year	completed:	
b. New York State history		Year	completed:	
c. Constitutions of the Ur New York State	nited States and	Year	completed:	
NAMES OF INDIVIDUALS PROV	IDING INSTRUCTION:			

INDIVIDUAL HOME INSTRUCTION PLAN (IHIP) <u>GRADES 9 - 12</u>

STUDENTS NAME:			STUDENT	S DOB:
PARENTS NAME:			STUDENT	S AGE:
MAILING ADDRESS:		_	GRADE LE	VEL:
PHONE:E	MAIL:		SCHOOL [DISTRICT:
QUARTERLY REPORT SUBMISSION	ON DATES (Include moi	nth, day, and ye	ear):	
1 ST Quarter / / 2 nd C	Quarter / / :	3 rd Quarter	_//	4 th Quarter// (No later than June 30 th of school year.)
Describe the student's IHIP for the curriculum materials, textbooks or				egulations C.R.100.10 (d). List syllabi, subjects listed in subdivision (e).
Required Subject		Curriculum and	Textbook / Pl	an of Instruction
ENGLISH (4 units = 4 years)				
SOCIAL STUDIES (4 units = 4 years)				
Which includes:				
American history (1 year)				
Participation in Gov't (1/2 year)				
Economics (1/2 year)				
MATHEMATICS (2 units = 2 years)				Year/Grade Completed:
				rear/ Grade Completed:
SCIENCE (2 units = 2 years)				
				Year/Grade Completed:
ART and/or MUSIC (1 unit = 1 year)				Vear/Grade Completed:

HEALTH EDUCATION (1/2 years) PHYSICAL EDUCATION (2 years) 3 UNITS = 3 YEARS OF ELECTIVES ELECTIVE Year/Grade Completed: Year/Grade Completed: ELECTIVE Year/Grade Completed: Year/Grade Completed: ELECTIVE Year/Grade Completed: Description of the second during grades kindergarten through 12: a. Patriotism and citizenship b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. Year completed: C. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Vear completed: Year completed:							
PHYSICAL EDUCATION (2 years) S UNITS = 3 YEARS OF ELECTIVES ELECTIVE Year/Grade Completed: ELECTIVE Year/Grade Completed: Year/Grade Completed:	I					Year/Grade Co	mpleted:
ELECTIVE Year/Grade Completed:	Р						
Following subjects to be covered during grades kindergarten through 12: a. Patriotism and citizenship Year completed: b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. Year completed: c. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed:			2 LIMITE	- 2 VEARS O	F ELECTIVES	Year/Grade Co	mpleted:
Following subjects to be covered during grades kindergarten through 12: a. Patriotism and citizenship Year completed: b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. Year completed: c. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed: Year completed: Year completed: Year completed: Year completed:		ELECTIVE	3 010113	- 3 TEARS O	FELECTIVES		
Following subjects to be covered during grades kindergarten through 12: a. Patriotism and citizenship Year completed: b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. Year completed: c. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed: Year completed: Year completed: Year completed: Year completed:						Year/Grade Co	mpleted:
Following subjects to be covered during grades kindergarten through 12: a. Patriotism and citizenship Year completed:		ELECTIVE					
Following subjects to be covered during grades kindergarten through 12: a. Patriotism and citizenship Year completed: b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. Year completed: c. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed:						Year/Grade Co	mpleted:
Following subjects to be covered during grades kindergarten through 12: a. Patriotism and citizenship Year completed: b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. Year completed: c. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed:		ELECTIVE				Year/Grade Co	mpleted:
 a. Patriotism and citizenship b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. c. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed:							•
 a. Patriotism and citizenship b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. c. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed:							
b. Health education regarding alcohol drug and tobacco use. Year completed: C. Highway safety and traffic regulations, Including bicycle safety. Year completed:	Followi	ng subjects to be covered d	uring grades kindergar	ten through	12:		
drug and tobacco use. Year completed: Example 1	a.	Patriotism and citizenship			Year completed:		
Including bicycle safety. Year completed:	b.		; alcohol		Year completed:		
d. Fire and arson prevention and safety. Year completed:	C.		regulations,		Year completed:		
	d.	Fire and arson prevention	and safety.		Year completed:		
NAMES OF INDIVIDUALS PROVIDING INSTRUCTION:	NI A B 4 E C	OF INDIVIDUALS BROWN	C INSTRUCTION.				

QUARTERLY REPORT GRADES K – 6

	GRADI	ES K – 6	
STUDENTS NAME:		QUARTER #	
PARENTS NAME:		NUMBER OF HOURS PER	QUARTER
MAILING ADDRESS:	Cumulative hours of		
SCHOOL DISTRICT:		1 - 6 shall be 900 hours per year.	
C.R. 100.10 (g) Quarterly Repo furnished by the parent to the The Quarterly Report shall con	school district.	d by the parent in the IHIP, a quarterly rep	ort for each child shall be
Required Subject	Description of t	the Material Covered	Grade or Written Narrative
ARITHMETIC			
READING			

SPELLING

WRITING

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

GEOGRAPHY

Required Subject	Descri	ption of the Material Covered	Grade or Written Narrative
U.S. HISTORY			
SCIENCE			
HEALTH EDUCATION			
MUSIC			
VISUAL ARTS			
PHYSICAL EDUCATION			
BILINGUAL EDUCATION AND/OR ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE WHERE THE NEED IS INDICATED.			
Following subjects to be covered	d during grades kindergarten t	hrough 12:	
a. Patriotism and citizensh	nip	Year completed:	
 Health education regar drug and tobacco use. 	ding alcohol	Year completed:	
 Highway safety and training bicycle safety 		Year completed:	
d. Fire and arson preventi	on and safety.	Year completed:	
Following subjects to be covered	l at least once during grades 1	L – 8:	
a. United States history		Year completed:	
b. New York State history		Year completed:	
c. Constitutions of the Un New York State	ited States and	Year completed:	
We have covered at least 80% if	f our planned material in each :	subject area for this quarter: Yes □ No □ If no, please	provide an explanation.
NAMES OF INDIVIDUALS PRO	VIDING INSTRUCTION:		

QUARTERLY REPORT GRADES 7 and 8

STUDENTS NAME:	QUARTER #	QUARTER #			
PARENTS NAME:	NUMBER OF HO	URS PER QUARTER			
MAILING ADDRESS:		ours of instruction for grades			
SCHOOL DISTRICT:		all be 990 hours per year.			
C.R. 100.10 (g) Quarterly Reports. On or before the dates specified by the parent in the IHIP, a quarterly report for each child shall be furnished by the parent to the school district. The Quarterly Report shall contain the following:					
Required Subject	Description of the Material Covered	Grade or Written Narrative			
ENGLISH (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)					
HISTORY/GEOGRAPHY (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)					
SCIENCE (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)					
MATHEMATICS (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)					
PHYSICAL EDUCATION (ON A REGULAR BASIS) (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)					
HEALTH EDUCATION (ON A REGULAR BASIS) (2 UNITS = 2 YEARS)					

F	Required Subject	Description of the Material Covered		Grade or Written Narrative		
(HAL	ART F UNIT = HALF YEAR)					
(HAL	MUSIC F UNIT = HALF YEAR)					
(ON	PRACTICAL ARTS (LIFE SKILLS) I A REGULAR BASIS) UNITS = 2 YEARS)					
(ON	LIBRARY SKILLS I A REGULAR BASIS) UNITS = 2 YEARS)					
Followir	ng subjects to be covered	during grades kindergart	en through 12:			
a.			-	Year completed:		
b.	Health education regard	ling alcohol				
c.	drug and tobacco use. Highway safety and traf	fic regulations.		Year completed:		
	Including bicycle safety.			Year completed:		
d.	Fire and arson prevention	on and safety.		Year completed:		
Followir	ng subjects to be covered	at least once during grad	es 1 – 8:			
a.	United States history			Year completed:		
b.	New York State history			Year completed:		
c.	Constitutions of the Uni New York State	ted States and		Year completed:		_
				or this quarter: Yes 🛭 No 🗖 If		se provide an explanation.

QUARTERLY REPORT GRADES 9 - 12

STUDENTS NAME:	QUARTER #
PARENTS NAME:	NUMBER OF HOURS PER QUARTER
MAILING ADDRESS:	Cumulative hours of instruction for grades
SCHOOL DISTRICT:	9 - 12 shall be 990 hours per year.

C.R. 100.10 (g) Quarterly Reports. On or before the dates specified by the parent in the IHIP, a quarterly report for each child shall be furnished by the parent to the school district.

The Quarterly Report shall contain the following:

Required Subject	Description of the Material Covered.	Grade or Written Narrative	# of Hours per Subject
ENGLISH (4 units = 4 years)			
SOCIAL STUDIES (4 units = 4 years)			
Which includes:			
American history (1 year)			
Participation in Gov't (1/2 year)			
Economics (1/2 year)			
MATHEMATICS (2 units = 2 years)			
	Year/Grade Completed:		
SCIENCE (2 units = 2 years)			
	Year/Grade Completed:		
ART and/or MUSIC (1 unit = 1 year)			
	Year/Grade Completed:		

Required Subject	Des	cription of the Material Covered.	Grade or	# of Hours
			Written Narrative	per Subject
HEALTH EDUCATION				
(1/2 year)				
		Year/Grade Completed:		
PHYSICAL EDUCATION				
(2 years)				
		Year/Grade Completed:		
FLECTIVE	3 UNITS = 3 YEAR	RS OF ELECTIVES		
ELECTIVE				
		Year/Grade Completed:		
ELECTIVE				
		Year/Grade Completed:		
ELECTIVE				
		Year/Grade Completed:		
	d d	and the state of t		
Following subjects to be covered				
a. Patriotism and citizens	•	Year completed:		
 b. Health education regar drug and tobacco use. 	Health education regarding alcohol			
_	Highway safety and traffic regulations,		Year completed:	
Including bicycle safety		Year completed:		
d. Fire and arson prevention and safety.		Year completed:		
We have covered at least 80% if	four planned material	in each subject area for this quarter: Yes \square No \square If	no, please provide an ex	planation.
NAMES OF INDIVIDUALS PRO	VIDING INSTRUCTION	ON:		